

TITLE III - CRIMINAL OFFENSE CODE

CHAPTER 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS.

Sec. 101. Jurisdiction of the Chitimacha Tribe of Louisiana Over Persons Alleged to Have Committed Crimes and Offenses.

Unless expressly stated otherwise in this Title III of the Code, a person may be charged, tried, convicted, and sentenced under the criminal provisions of the Chitimacha Comprehensive Codes of Justice if the person is subject to the personal jurisdiction of the Chitimacha Tribal Court by virtue of the Chitimacha Tribe of Louisiana’s sovereign authority and applicable federal law, and the person:

- (a) Commits a crime or offense in whole or in part within the territorial jurisdiction of the Chitimacha Tribe of Louisiana; or
- (b) Being outside the territorial jurisdiction of the Chitimacha Tribe of Louisiana, conspires with or aids and abets another to commit a crime or offense within the Chitimacha Tribe of Louisiana’s territorial jurisdiction.

Sec. 102. Definitions.

For the purposes of this Title III, the following definitions shall apply:

- (a) Bodily harm. “Bodily harm” means physical pain or injury, illness, or any impairment of physical condition.
- (b) Bodily injury. “Bodily injury” means bodily harm for which medical attention is required.
- (c) Code. “Code” means the Chitimacha Tribe of Louisiana Comprehensive Codes of Justice.
- (d) Conviction. “Conviction” means any of the following obtained in a court of competent jurisdiction and accepted and recorded by the Chitimacha Tribal Court:
 - (1) A plea of guilty;
 - (2) A plea of no contest;
 - (3) A verdict of guilty by a jury or a finding of guilty by the court after trial.

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(e) **Crime.** “Crime” means conduct which is prohibited by the Chitimacha Comprehensive Codes of Justice or by any other duly enacted resolution or ordinance by the Chitimacha Tribal Council.

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(f) **Dangerous weapon.** “Dangerous weapon” means any firearm, whether loaded or unloaded, or any device designed as a weapon and capable of producing death or great bodily harm, or any other device or instrumentality that, in the manner it is used or intended to be used, is calculated or likely to produce death or great bodily harm.

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(g) **Great bodily harm.** “Great bodily harm” means bodily harm or bodily injury which creates a high probability of death, or which causes serious permanent disfigurement, or which causes a permanent or protracted loss or impairment of the function of any bodily member or organ or other serious bodily harm or bodily injury.

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(h) **Mental states.**

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(1) **“intentional”**. A defendant's state of mind is intentional or a defendant acts intentionally with respect to a result or to conduct if the defendant's conscious objective is to engage in such conduct or to cause such a result.

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(2) **“negligently”**. A defendant acts negligently or conduct is negligent if, with respect to a result or circumstance, a person should be aware of a substantial and unjustifiable risk that such a result will occur or that such a circumstance exists, and his or her conduct involves a significant deviation from the standard of care that a reasonable person would observe.

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(3) **“recklessly”**. A defendant acts recklessly or conduct is reckless if, with respect to a result or circumstance, a person consciously and unjustifiably disregards a substantial risk that such a result will occur or that such a circumstance exists, and the risk is of such a nature and degree that its disregard involves a gross deviation from the standard of conduct that a reasonable person would observe in the situation.

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(4) **“knowingly”**. A defendant acts knowingly if, when he or she engages in the conduct, he or she knows or has a firm belief, unaccompanied by substantial doubt, that he or she is doing so whether or not it is his or her purpose to do so.

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(i) **Minor.** Unless otherwise prescribed by this Code, "Minor" means a person under the age of eighteen (18) years.

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(j) **Serious bodily harm.** "Serious bodily harm" means bodily harm or bodily injury which involves a temporary but substantial disfigurement, or which causes a temporary but substantial loss or impairment of the function of any bodily member or organ, or which causes a fracture of any bodily member.

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(k) **Subsequent conviction, etc.** "Subsequent conviction" or "subsequent offense" means that prior to the commission of the violation, crime or offense charged, the alleged offender has been adjudicated guilty of a specified similar violation, crime, or offense by a court of competent jurisdiction.

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(l) **Tribe.** "Tribe" means the Chitimacha Tribe of Louisiana.

(m) **Victim.** "Victim" means any person at whom the commission of a crime was directed or who suffered loss, damage or bodily harm as a result of the commission of the crime.

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Sec. 103. Criminal Offenses Based on Voluntary Conduct.

No person shall be convicted of an offense except based on conduct which includes a voluntary act or the omission to perform an act of which the defendant is physically capable. Unless otherwise provided in this Code with respect to a particular offense, an offense is established only if a person acts intentionally with respect to every element of the offense.

Sec. 102. States of Mind.

~~(a) "**intentional**". A defendant's state of mind is intentional with respect to a result or to conduct if the defendant's conscious objective is to engage in such conduct or to cause such a result.~~

~~(b) "**negligent**". Conduct is negligent if, with respect to a result or circumstance, a person should be aware of a substantial and unjustifiable risk that such a result will occur or that such a circumstance exists, and his or her conduct involves a significant deviation from the standard of care that a reasonable person would observe.~~

~~(c) "reckless". Conduct is reckless if, with respect to a result or circumstance, a person consciously and unjustifiably disregards a substantial risk that such a result will occur or that such a circumstance exists, and the risk is of such a nature and degree that its disregard involves a gross deviation from the standard of conduct that a reasonable person would observe in the situation.~~

~~(d) "knowingly". A defendant acts knowingly if, when he or she engages in the conduct, he or she knows or has a firm belief, unaccompanied by substantial doubt, that he or she is doing so whether or not it is his or her purpose to do so.~~

Sec. 1043. Burden of Proof.

(a) The Chitimacha Tribe of Louisiana has the burden of proving each element of an offense beyond a reasonable doubt.

(b) Whenever the defendant introduces sufficient evidence of a defense to support a reasonable belief as to the existence of that defense, the Chitimacha Tribe of Louisiana has the burden of disproving such defense beyond a reasonable doubt unless this Code or another ordinance expressly requires the defendant to prove the defense by a preponderance of evidence.

(Revised by Ordinance #01-15; Adopted: February 5, 2015; Effective: February 5, 2015)

Sec. 105. Liability of Children and Minors.

Children under the age of seven (7) years are incapable of committing a crime. Unlawful acts committed by persons under the age of eighteen (18) years who are seven (7) years of age, or older, shall be addressed in accordance with the provisions of Title V of this Code.

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Sec. 1064. Ignorance or Mistake.

(a) Ignorance or mistake as to a matter of fact or law is a defense if:

(1) the ignorance or mistake negates the necessary mental state required for the commission of an offense; or

(2) the law provides that the state of mind established by such ignorance or mistake constitutes a defense.

(b) Whenever in this Code an offense depends on a child being less than twelve (12) years

of age, it is no defense that the defendant did not know the child's age or reasonably believed the child to be older than twelve (12) years of age. When criminality depends on the child's being less than a critical age other than twelve (12) years of age, it is an affirmative defense for the defendant to prove that he reasonably believed the child to be above the critical age.

(Revised by Ordinance #01-15; Adopted: February 5, 2015; Effective: February 5, 2015)

Sec. 1075. Intoxication.

(a) Intoxication is not a defense unless it negates an element of the offense.

(b) When negligence or recklessness is an element of the offense, self-induced intoxication is no defense.

(c) Intoxication does not, in itself, constitute a mental disease or defect within the meaning of Section 1086.

Sec. 1086. Mental Disease or Defect.

(a) A person is not responsible for criminal conduct if, at the time of such conduct, as a result of mental disease or defect, he or she lacks substantial capacity either to appreciate the wrongfulness of that conduct or to conform that conduct to the requirements of law.

(b) As used in this Section, the terms "**mental disease or defect**" do not include an abnormality manifested only by repeated criminal or otherwise anti-social conduct.

Sec. 1097. Self-defense.

(a) The use of reasonable force is a defense when a person reasonably believes that such force is immediately necessary to protect himself or herself.

(b) A person is not justified in using force for the purpose of resisting arrest, execution of process, or other performance of duty by a public servant regardless of whether the conduct of the public servant is lawful; but clearly excessive force on the part of public servant may be resisted.

(c) A person is not justified in using force if the conduct of the person against whom force is used was provoked by the defendant himself with the intent to cause physical injury to that other person.

Sec. 1108. Defense of Others.

The use of force in order to defend a third person is a defense if:

- (a) the defendant reasonably believes that the person whom he seeks to protect would be justified in using such protective force; and
- (b) the defendant has not, by provocation or otherwise, forfeited the right of self-defense; and
- (c) the defendant reasonably believes that intervention is necessary for the protection of such other person.

Sec. 1109. Defense of Property.

The use of force, other than deadly force, is a defense if the defendant reasonably believes that such force is necessary to prevent or terminate conduct which the defendant reasonably believes the commission or attempted commission of which is a crime involving trespass, damage to or theft of property.

Sec. 1120. Use of Deadly Force.

The use of deadly force is a defense only where the defendant reasonably believes that such force is necessary to protect himself, herself, or another person from death, great or serious bodily harm, kidnaping, a sexual act (as defined in Section 3206) compelled by force or threat, or to prevent or terminate the commission or attempted commission of arson.

~~**Sec. 111. Criminal Complicity and Solicitation.**~~

~~(a) A person may be convicted of an offense based upon the conduct of another person when:~~

~~(1) acting with the state of mind sufficient for the commission of the offense, the~~

~~defendant causes another person to engage in such conduct; or~~

~~(2) with the intent that an offense be committed, the defendant solicits, request,~~

~~commands, induces or intentionally aids another person to engage in such conduct.~~

~~(b) The penalty for being an accomplice to a crime is the same as the penalty for being a principal in the crime.~~

~~(c) A person is not liable under this Section for the conduct of another if he terminates his complicity prior to the commission of the offense and gives timely warning to law enforcement authorities or otherwise makes proper effort to prevent the commission of the offense.~~

Sec. 112. Attempts.

~~(a) A person is guilty of an attempt to commit a crime if the person intentionally does or omits to do anything which, under the circumstances as the defendant believes them to be, is an act or omission constituting a substantial step toward the commission of a crime.~~

~~(b) A person who engages in conduct designed to aid another person to commit a crime which would establish complicity under Section 111(a)(2) if the crime were committed by such other person is guilty of an attempt to commit the crime although the crime is not actually committed or attempted.~~

~~(c) Conduct is not criminal which could only be characterized as an attempt to commit a crime which is itself defined solely in terms of attempt.~~

~~(d) The penalty for an attempted crime is the same as the penalty for the completed crime.~~

Sec. 113. Duress.

Duress is a defense only where the defendant reasonably believes that he or she is compelled to act by the threat of death or serious bodily harm such as would render a person of reasonable firmness incapable of resisting such threat.

Sec. 114. Entrapment.

Entrapment is a defense only where a law enforcement officer induces the defendant to commit an offense using persuasion or other means such_ as would cause a normally law-abiding person to commit the act or acts that are elements of the offense. Conduct merely affording the defendant an opportunity to commit the offense does not constitute entrapment.

CHAPTER 2. ANTICIPATORY CRIMES.

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Sec. 201. Attempts.

(a) Prohibited acts. A person, with intent to commit a crime, does an act which is a substantial step toward, and more than preparation for, the commission of the crime, commits an attempt to commit that crime.

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(b) Impossibility of act. An act may be an attempt notwithstanding the circumstances under which it was performed or the means employed to commit the crime intended or the act itself were such that the commission of the crime was not possible, unless such impossibility would have been clearly evident to a person of normal understanding.

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(c) Defense. It is a defense to a charge of attempt that the crime was not committed because the accused desisted voluntarily and in good faith abandoned the intention to commit the crime.

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(d) Penalty. A person who attempts to commit a crime shall, upon conviction, be sentenced in the same manner as if that person had completed the crime.

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Sec. 202. Criminal Complicity and Solicitation.

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(a) Prohibited acts. A person may be convicted of an offense based upon the conduct of another person when:

- (1)** acting with the state of mind sufficient for the commission of the offense, the defendant causes another person to engage in such conduct; or
- (2)** with the intent that an offense be committed, the defendant solicits, request, commands, induces or intentionally aids another person to engage in such conduct.

(b) Defense. A person is not liable under this Section for the conduct of another if he terminates his complicity prior to the commission of the offense and gives timely warning to law enforcement authorities or otherwise makes proper effort to prevent the commission of the offense.

(c) Penalty. The penalty for being an accomplice to a crime is the same as the penalty

for being a principal in the crime.

CHAPTER 3. CRIMES AGAINST PERSONS.

Subchapter A. Homicide

Sec. 3201. Murder.

Whoever intentionally causes the death of another human being is guilty ~~murder of an~~ Enhanced Felony and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly.

~~Murder is a Felony.~~

Sec. 3202. Manslaughter.

A person who recklessly causes the death of another human being is guilty ~~of manslaughter of an~~ Enhanced Felony and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly.

~~Manslaughter is a Felony.~~

Sec. 3203. Negligent Homicide.

A person who negligently causes the death of another human being is guilty of ~~negligent homicide an~~ Enhanced Felony and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly.

~~Negligent Homicide is a Felony.~~

Sec. 3204. Causing or Aiding Suicide.

A person who, by force, duress or deception, intentionally causes another person to commit or attempt to commit suicide, or aids or solicits another to commit or attempt to commit suicide is guilty of ~~causing or aiding suicide a~~ Class A Misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly.

~~Causing or Aiding Suicide is a Class A Misdemeanor.~~

Subchapter B. ~~Kidnapping and Related Offenses~~

Sec. 3205. Kidnapping.

(a) Prohibited acts. A person who ~~does any of the following acts~~ commits kidnapping:

~~by force, threat or deception:~~

~~(1)(a)~~ removes another person against his or her will from his or her place of residence or business, or a substantial distance from the vicinity where he or she is located; or

~~(2)(b)~~ confines another person for a substantial period against his or her will is guilty of kidnaping.

~~(b) Penalty. A person who commits kidnaping is guilty of a Felony and, upon conviction, may be sentenced accordingly.~~

~~Kidnaping is a Felony.~~

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Subchapter C. Sexual Offenses

Sec. 306. Definitions.

For the purposes of this Subchapter C, the following definitions shall apply:

(a) "Defendant" means the person alleged to have committed rape.

(b) "Coercion" means words or circumstances that cause the victim reasonably to fear that the defendant will inflict bodily harm upon, or hold in confinement, the victim or another, or force the victim to submit to a sexual act or contact, but proof of coercion does not require proof of a specific act or threat.

(c) "Consent" means a voluntary uncoerced manifestation of a present agreement to perform a particular sexual act with the defendant.

(d) "Force" means the infliction, attempted infliction, or threatened infliction by the defendant of bodily harm or commission or threat of any other crime by the actor against the victim or another, which causes the victim reasonably to believe that the actor has the present ability to execute the threat.

(e) "Intimate parts" includes the primary genital area, groin, inner thigh, buttocks, or breasts of a person.

(f) "Mentally incapacitated" means that a person under the influence of alcohol, a narcotic, anesthetic, or any other substance, administered to that person without the person's agreement, who lacks the judgment to give a reasoned consent to a sexual act

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or contact.

(g) “Mentally impaired” means that a person, as a result of inadequately developed or impaired intelligence or a substantial psychiatric disorder of thought or mood, lacks the judgment to give reasoned consent to a sexual act or contact.

(h) “Physically helpless” means that a victim is asleep or unconscious, unable to withhold consent or to withdraw because of a physical condition, or unable to communicate non-consent and the condition is known or reasonably should have been known by the actor.

(i) “Sexual act” or “sexual activity” means sexual intercourse, cunnilingus, fellatio, anal intercourse, or any intrusion however slight into the genital or anal openings of the victim’s body of any part of the defendant’s body or any object used by the defendant for this purpose, where the act is committed without the victim’s consent, except in those cases where consent is not a defense or is not an element of the offense.

(j) “Sexual contact” includes any of the following acts committed without the victim’s consent, except in those cases where consent is not a defense or is not an element of the offense, and committed with sexual or aggressive intent:

(1) The intentional touching by the defendant of the victim’s intimate parts; or

(2) The touching by the victim of the offender’s, the victim’s, or another’s intimate parts effected by coercion or the use of a position of authority, or by inducement if the victim is under twelve (12) years of age or mentally impaired; or

(3) The touching by another of the victim’s intimate parts effected by coercion or use of authority; or

(4) In any of the cases above, the touching of the clothing covering the immediate area of the intimate parts.

(k) “Victim” means the person or intended person against whom a rape is committed.

Sec. 32076. Rape.

(a) Prohibited Acts. A person who engages in a sexual act with another person, or who causes another person to engage in a sexual act, ~~is guilty of~~ commits rape if:

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~~(1) (a) the defendant coerces or forces, compels the other person to submit to the sexual act by force or by any threat that would render a person of reasonable firmness incapable of resisting; or~~

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~~(2) (b) the defendant, or someone else with the defendant's knowledge, has renders the other person mentally incapacitated for the purpose of engaging in a sexual act substantially impaired the other person's power to appraise or control that person's knowledge by administering intoxicants, drugs or other similar substances with the intent to prevent resistance; or~~

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~~(3) (c) the other person is unconscious physically helpless; or~~

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~~(4) (d) the defendant knows that the other person submits because the other person falsely supposes the defendant to be someone else, unless the defendant is the spouse of the other person; or~~

~~(5) (e) the other person is under twelve (12) years of age. In this circumstance, neither mistake as to the other person's age nor consent to the act by the other person is a defense; or~~

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~~(6) (f) the defendant knows that the other person is mentally impaired suffers from a mental disease or defect which renders that person incapable of understanding the nature of his or her conduct, unless the defendant is the spouse of the other person; or~~

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~~(7) (g) the other person is in official custody or otherwise detained in a hospital, prison, or other similar institution and the defendant has supervisory or disciplinary authority over the detained person.~~

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~~"Sexual act" means sexual contact between human beings consisting of contact between the penis and the vulva, the penis and the anus, the mouth and the penis, the mouth and the vulva, or the mouth and the anus. For the purposes of this Code, sexual contact between the penis and the vulva, or between the penis and the anus, occurs upon penetration, however slight. Emission is not required.~~

~~(b) Penalty. A person who commits rape is guilty of an Enhanced Felony and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly.~~

Sec. 308. Sexual Assault.

(a) Prohibited acts. A person commits sexual assault if that person intentionally has sexual contact with another or causes such other person to have sexual contact with the defendant, and:

- (1) the defendant coerces or forces the other person to submit to the sexual contact;
- or
- (2) the other person is under twelve (12) years of age. In this circumstance,
Neither mistake as to the other person's age nor consent to the act by the other person is a defense; or
- (3) the other person is in official custody or otherwise detained in a hospital, prison or other similar institution and the defendant has supervisory or disciplinary authority over the detained person.

(b) Penalty. A person who commits sexual assault is guilty of a Felony and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly.

Sec. 320709. Statutory Rape.

(a) Prohibited acts. A person eighteen (18) years of age or older who engages in a sexual act, ~~(as defined in Section 206)~~ with consent, with another person who is fourteen (14) years of age or older but less than sixteen (16) years of age, when the victim is not the spouse of the offender and when the difference between the age of the victim and the age of the offender is two (2) years or greater, between the ages of twelve (12) and fifteen (15) years, inclusive, is guilty of commits statutory rape.

(b) Penalty. A person who commits statutory rape is guilty of a Class A Misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly.

Statutory Rape is a Class A Misdemeanor.

Sec. 310208. Indecent Exposure.

(a) Prohibited acts. A person who exposes his or her genitals or other intimate parts

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under circumstances likely to cause affront or alarm ~~is guilty of~~ commits indecent exposure.

(b) Penalty. A person who commits indecent exposure is guilty of a Class B Misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly. On a second or subsequent conviction under this Section, the offender shall be guilty of a Class A Misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly.

~~Indecent Exposure is a Class B Misdemeanor, except that the second and subsequent offenses shall be Class A Misdemeanors.~~

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Sec. 311209. Prostitution and Patronizing a Prostitute.

(a) Prohibited acts. A person commits prostitution or patronizing a prostitute if he or she: who;

- (1) (a)—is an inmate of a house of prostitution, manages a house of prostitution, or is otherwise engaged in sexual activity or contact as a business; or
- (2) (b)—solicits another person to hire a prostitute or commit an act of prostitution; or
- (3) (c)—loiters in view of any public place with the intent of being hired to engage in sexual activity or contact; or
- (4) (d)—hires a prostitute to engage in sexual activity or contact or enters or remains in a house of prostitution with intent to engage in sexual activity or contact; is guilty of prostitution or patronizing a prostitute.

~~"Sexual activity" means sexual act or sexual contact as defined in Sections 206 and 212.~~

(b) Penalty. A person who commits prostitution or patronizing a prostitute is guilty of a Class B Misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly, except that a person who patronizes a prostitute who is less than eighteen (18) years of age, irrespective of the patron's knowledge of the prostitute's age, is guilty of a Felony and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly.

~~Prostitution or Patronizing a Prostitute is a Class B Misdemeanor unless the prostitute is less than seventeen (17) years of age, in which case it is a Felony.~~

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Sec. 312210. Bigamy.

(a) Prohibited acts. A person who marries another person while legally married to a ~~third second~~ person ~~is guilty of~~ commits bigamy.

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(b) Penalty. A person who commits bigamy ~~is guilty of~~ a Class B Misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly.

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(c) Defense. This Section shall not apply to a person whose spouse ~~has~~ been absent for five (5) successive years and is reasonably believed by the defendant to be dead.

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Sec. 313. Indecent Behavior with a Juvenile.

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A person who is eighteen (18) years of age or older and commits, with the intent to arouse or gratify the sexual desires of either the offender or the victim, a lewd or lascivious act upon the person or in the presence of a child under the age of seventeen (17), where there is an age difference of greater than two (2) years between the offender and the victim, is guilty of a Felony and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly. On a second conviction under this Section, the offender shall be guilty of an Enhanced Felony and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly. Lack of knowledge of the person's age shall not be a defense.

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Sec. 314. Solicitation of a Minor to Engage in Sexual Activity.

Whoever, being eighteen (18) years of age or older, commands, entreats, coerces, or attempts to persuade an individual under the age of fifteen (15) years to engage in a sexual act or contact with the intent to engage in such or similar conduct is guilty of an Enhanced Felony and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly.

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Subchapter D. Computer-Aided Sexual Offenses Involving Minors.

Sec. 315. Definitions.

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For the purposes of this Subchapter D alone, the following terms shall have the following definitions:

(a) "Access software provider" means a provider of software, including client or server software, or enabling tools that do any one or more of the following:

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- (1) File, screen, allow, or disallow content.
- (2) Select, choose, analyze, or digest content.
- (3) Transmit, receive, display, forward, cache, search, organize, reorganize, or translate content.
- (b) "Cable operator" means any person or group of persons who provides cable service over a cable system and directly, or through one or more affiliates, owns a significant interest in such cable system, or who otherwise controls or is responsible for, through any arrangement, the management and operation of such a cable system.
- (c) "Coerce" shall include any of the following:
 - (1) Causing or threatening to cause serious bodily injury.
 - (2) Physically restraining or threatening to physically restrain another person.
 - (3) Abduction or threatened abduction of an individual.
 - (4) The use of a plan, pattern, or statement with intent to cause an individual to believe that failure to perform an act will result in the use of force against, abduction of, serious harm to, or physical restraining of an individual.
 - (5) The abuse or threatened abuse of law or legal process.
 - (6) Threatening to use or the use of debt bondage or fraud.
- (d) "Debt bondage" means inducing an individual to provide commercial sexual activity in payment toward or satisfaction of a real or purported debt.
- (e) "Distribute" means to issue, sell, give, provide, lend, mail, deliver, transfer, transmute, distribute, circulate, or disseminate by any means.
- (f) "Electronic textual communication" means a textual communication made through the use of a computer on-line service, Internet service, or any other means of electronic communication, including but not limited to an Internet chat room, electronic mail, or online messaging service.
- (g) "Interactive computer service" means any information service, system, or access software provider that provides or enables computer access by multiple users to a computer server, including a service or system that provides access to the Internet and such systems operated or services offered by government, libraries, or educational

institutions.

- (h) “Pornography involving juveniles” is any photograph, videotape, film, or other reproduction, whether electronic or otherwise, of any sexual performance involving a child under the age of eighteen (18).
- (i) “Produce” means to photograph, videotape, film, or otherwise reproduce pornography involving juveniles, or to solicit, promote, or coerce any child for the purpose of pornography involving juveniles.
- (j) “Sexual conduct” means actual or simulated sexual intercourse, deviant sexual intercourse, sexual bestiality, masturbation, sadomasochistic abuse, or any lewd exhibition of the genitals or anus.
- (k) “Sexual performance” means any performance or part thereof that includes actual or simulated sexual intercourse, deviate sexual intercourse, sexual bestiality, masturbation, or sadomasochistic abuse, or lewd exhibition of the genitals or anus.
- (l) “Telecommunications service” means the offering of telecommunications for a fee directly to the public, regardless of the facilities used.

Sec. 316. Pornography Involving Juveniles,

(a) **Prohibited acts.** It shall be unlawful for:

- (1) A person to produce, promote, advertise, distribute, possess, or possess with the intent to distribute pornography involving juveniles;
- (2) A parent, legal guardian, or custodian of a child to consent to the participation of the child in pornography involving juveniles.

(b) **Prima facie evidence.** The following shall be prima facie evidence of the intent to sell or distribute:

- (1) Possession of three or more similar photographs, images, films, videotapes, or other visual reproductions; or
- (2) Possession of three or more photographs, images, films, videotapes, or other visual reproductions and possession of any type of file sharing technology or software.

(c) **Defenses prohibited.** The following shall not serve as a defense to prosecution for a

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violation of this Section:

(1) Lack of knowledge of the juvenile's age; or

(2) The juvenile's consent to participating in the activity prohibited by this Section.

(d) Penalty.

(1) **Possession.** Whoever intentionally possesses pornography involving juveniles is guilty of a Class A Misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly. On a second conviction under this Paragraph (1), the offender shall be guilty of a Class A Misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly without the benefit of parole, probation, or suspension of the sentence.

(2) **Distribution.** Whoever distributes or possesses with the intent to distribute pornography involving juveniles shall be guilty of a Felony and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly. On a second conviction under this Paragraph (2), the offender shall be guilty of an Enhanced Felony and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly.

(3) **Parent, guardian, or custodian consent.** Any parent, legal guardian, or custodian of a child who consents to the participation of the child in pornography involving juveniles shall be guilty of an Enhanced Felony and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly.

(4) **Production.** Whoever engages in the promotion, advertisement, or production of pornography involving juveniles shall be guilty of a Felony and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly. On a second conviction under this Paragraph (4), the offender shall be guilty of an Enhanced Felony and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly without the benefit of parole, probation, or suspension of the sentence.

(5) **Pornography involving juveniles under the age of thirteen.** Whoever commits the crime of pornography involving juveniles punishable by the penalties prescribed in Paragraphs (1), (2), (3), or (4) of this Subsection when the juvenile victim is under the age of thirteen (13) years and the offender is eighteen (18) years of age or older shall be guilty of an Enhanced Felony and, upon conviction, shall be

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sentenced accordingly. On a second conviction under this Paragraph (5), the offender shall be guilty of an Enhanced Felony and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly without the benefit of parole, probation, or suspension of the sentence.

(e) **Determining the age of the victim.** In prosecutions for violations of this Section, the trier of fact may determine, utilizing the following factors, whether the person displayed or depicted in any photograph, videotape, film, or other video reproduction introduced in evidence was under the age of eighteen (18) or thirteen (13) at the time of the filing or recording:

- (1) The general body growth, bone structure, and bone development of the person;
- (2) The development of pubic or body hair on the person;
- (3) The development of the person's sexual organs;
- (4) The context in which the person is placed or the age attributed to the person in any accompanying video, printed, or text material;
- (5) Available expert testimony and opinion as to the chronological age or degree of physical or mental maturity or development of the person;
- (6) Such other information, factors, and evidence available to the trier of fact which the court determines as relevant, probative, and reasonably reliable.

(f) **Inapplicability.** The provisions of this Section shall not apply to a provider of an interactive computer service, provider of a telecommunications service, or a cable operator as defined by the provisions of this Section.

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Sec. 317. Computer-Aided Solicitation of a Minor.

(a) **Prohibited acts.** Computer-aided solicitation of a minor is committed when:

- (1) A person eighteen (18) years of age or older knowingly contacts or communicates, through the use of electronic textual communication, with a person who has not yet attained the age of seventeen (17) where there is an age difference of greater than two (2) years, or a person reasonably believed to have not yet attained the age of seventeen (17) and reasonably believed to be at least two (2) years younger, for the purpose of or with the intent to persuade, induce,

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entice, or coerce the person to engage or participate in sexual conduct, or with the intent to engage or participate in sexual conduct in the presence of the person who has not yet attained the age of seventeen (17), or person reasonably believed to have not yet attained the age of seventeen (17); or

- (2) A person eighteen (18) years of age or older knowingly contacts or communicates, through the use of electronic textual communication, with a person who has not yet attained the age of seventeen where there is an age difference of greater than two (2) years, or a person reasonably believed to have not yet attained the age of seventeen and reasonably believed to be at least two (2) years younger, for the purpose of or with the intent to arrange for any third party to engage in any of the conduct proscribed by the provisions of Paragraph (1) of this Subsection (a); or
- (3) The contact or communication subject to paragraphs (1) or (2) of this Subsection (a) is initially made through electronic textual communication and subsequent communication is made through the use of any other form of communication.

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(b) Defenses prohibited. The following shall not serve as a defense to prosecution for a violation of this Section:

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(1) That the person reasonably believed to be under the age of seventeen (17) is a commissioned law enforcement officer or peace officer acting in his official capacity;

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(2) That the juvenile consented to participation in the activity prohibited by this Section.

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(c) Penalty.

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(1) **Victim thirteen years or more.** Whoever violates the provisions of this Section when the victim is thirteen (13) years or more but has not attained the age of seventeen (17) shall be guilty of a Felony and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly. On a second conviction under this Paragraph (1), the offender shall be guilty of an Enhanced Felony and, upon conviction, shall be

sentenced accordingly.

(2) **Victim under the age of thirteen.** Whoever violates the provisions of this Section when the victim is under thirteen (13) years of age shall be guilty of an Enhanced Felony and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly. On a second conviction under this Paragraph (2), the offender shall be guilty of an Enhanced Felony and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly without the benefit of parole, probation, or suspension of the sentence.

(3) **Offender reasonably perceived age of victim.** Whoever violates the provisions of this Section, when the victim is a person reasonably believed to have not yet attained the age of seventeen (17), is guilty of a Felony and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly. On a second conviction under this Paragraph (3), the offender shall be guilty of an Enhanced Felony and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly.

(4) **Sexual conduct involved.** If the computer-aided solicitation results in actual sexual conduct between the offender and victim and the difference between the age of the victim and the age of the offender is five (5) years or greater, the offender is guilty of an Enhanced Felony and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly without the benefit of parole, probation, or suspension of the sentence.

~~Sec. 210-A. Registration of Sexual Offenders.~~

~~(a) Definitions:~~

~~(1) "Sexual Offender" or "Offender" as used in this Code means a person convicted of a sexual offense.~~

~~(2) "Sexual Offense" means:~~

~~(i) any violation of Sections 206, 207, 208, 212 or 421 (as applicable) of Title III of the Chitimacha Comprehensive Code of Justice, or~~

~~(ii) any violation of a law of the United States, or of another tribe, or of a state, reasonably equivalent to a violation of a law of the Chitimacha Tribe of Louisiana as defined in Section 210-A(a)(2)(i).~~

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~~(b) **Requirement to Register.**—Any person residing on the Chitimacha Reservation who has been convicted of a sexual offense after August 1, 1986 shall register with the Chitimacha Tribal Courts Director and the officer in charge of the Chitimacha Tribal Police Department.~~

~~(c) **Registration by Sexual Offender to be Part of Sentence on Conviction.**~~

~~(1) The Chitimacha Tribal Court shall, as part of the written order sentencing any sexual offender, include the requirement that the offender register with the appropriate law enforcement agency in accordance with this Section 210 A. The Chitimacha Tribal Court shall expressly draw the offender's attention to this provision.~~

~~(2) A copy of the judgment of conviction and of sentence shall be promptly delivered to the Chitimacha Tribal Courts Director, the officer in charge of the Chitimacha Tribal Police Department, to all other agencies with which the Chitimacha Tribe of Louisiana maintains agreements for the exchange of information concerning convicted sexual offenders, and to the social agencies on the Chitimacha Reservation dealing with the care, teaching and transportation of children, including any school attended by the residents of the Chitimacha Reservation.~~

~~(d) **Sentence upon Conviction—Restriction on Employment.** The Chitimacha Tribal Court in sentencing a sexual offender shall, as a condition to probation, parole, deferment, or suspension of sentence, impose upon the defendant reasonable prohibitions and restrictions on employment or occupation, to protect the class or classes of persons that are the likely victims of further offenses by the defendant.~~

~~(e) **Duty Prior to Release of Sexual Offender.** Prior to the sexual offenders release from custody or confinement, the Chitimacha Tribal Police Department shall:~~

~~(1) notify the sexual offender in writing of the duty to register pursuant to Section 210 A; and~~

~~(2) obtain from the sexual offender, the address where they are to reside and can be found upon release and transmit same to the Chitimacha Tribal Courts Director and all appropriate law enforcement agencies.—~~

~~(f) **Change of Residence.** A sexual offender required to register under this Section 210 A, shall promptly report any change of address to the Chitimacha Tribal Police Department and Chitimacha Tribal Courts Director. If the new address is not on the Reservation, such sexual offender shall within ten (10) days after changing residence, give written notice of the new address to the appropriate off Reservation law enforcement agency. The officer in charge of the Chitimacha Tribal Police Department on the Chitimacha Reservation shall, without delay after receipt of the new address, notify the appropriate law enforcement agency with jurisdiction over the situs of the new address of the sexual offender.~~

~~(g) **Duration of Registration.**~~

~~(1) A sexual offender required to register shall comply with the registration requirements of this Section 210 A for a period of ten (10) years after conviction, unless imprisoned during that period. A sexual offender required to register by this Section 210 A, who is imprisoned during the initial ten (10) year period, shall be required to register in compliance with this Section 210 A for a period of ten (10) years after release from prison.~~

~~(2) A convicted sexual offender's duty to register under this Section 210 A terminates at the end of the ten (10) years from the date of initial registration, provided, that during the ten (10) year period, the convicted sexual offender is not again convicted of a sexual offense.~~

~~h) **Penalty.** A sexual offender who intentionally fails to comply with the provisions of this Section be guilty of a Class A Misdemeanor.~~

(Added by Ordinance #2-96; Adopted: August 15, 1996; Effective: August 15, 1996; Revised by Ordinance #01-15; Adopted: February 5, 2015; Effective: February 5, 2015)

Subchapter ED. Assault and Related Offenses

Sec. 318211. Assault Defined.

For the purpose of this Subchapter E, "assault" is:

(a) an act done with intent to cause fear in another of immediate bodily harm or death;

(b) the intentional infliction of or attempt to inflict bodily harm upon another.

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Sec. 319. Simple Assault.

(a) Prohibited acts. A person who does any of the following commits a simple assault:

(1) commits an act with intent to cause fear in another of immediate bodily harm or death; or

(2) intentionally inflicts or attempts to inflict bodily harm upon another.

(b) Penalty. A person who commits simple assault is guilty of a Class A Misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly.

Sec. 320. Aggravated Assault – Severe Bodily Harm.

A person who assaults another with a dangerous weapon is guilty of a Felony and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly.

Sec. 321. Aggravated Assault – Dangerous Weapon.

A person who assaults another with a dangerous weapon is guilty of a Felony and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly.

Sec. 322. Aggravated Assault – Great Bodily Harm.

A person who assaults another and inflicts great bodily harm is guilty of a Felony and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly.

Sec. 323. Aggravated Assault – Public Official

A person who assaults, resists, impedes, intimidates, or interferes with a commissioned law enforcement officer, tribal court judge, tribal court staff, tribal prosecutor, security guard, firefighter, medical emergency personnel, social worker, teacher, a Chitimacha Tribal Council member, or a Chitimacha Tribal Council member's immediate staff, when that official is engaged in the lawful performance of his or her duties or on account of the performance of his or her duties commits an Aggravated Assault under this Section and is guilty of a Felony and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly, provided that a person who commits an Aggravated Assault under

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~~this Section and inflicts bodily injury must receive a minimum sentence of thirty (30) days in jail.~~

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~~**Aggravated Assault:**~~

~~A person who;~~

~~(a) intentionally causes serious bodily injury to another;~~

~~(b) intentionally causes bodily injury to another with a dangerous weapon; or~~

~~(c) recklessly causes serious bodily injury to another under circumstances manifesting~~

~~indifference to the value of human life is guilty of aggravated assault.~~

~~**Aggravated Assault is a Felony.**~~

~~**Sec. 212. Sexual Assault.**~~

~~A person who intentionally has sexual contact with another or who causes such other person to have sexual contact with the defendant, is guilty of sexual assault if:~~

~~(a) the defendant compels the other person to submit by force or by any threat that would render~~

~~a person of reasonable firmness incapable of resisting; or (b) the other person is under twelve (12)~~

~~years of age; or (c) the other person is in official custody or otherwise detained in a hospital,~~

~~prison or other similar institution and the defendant has supervisory or disciplinary authority over~~

~~the detained person.~~

~~"Sexual contact" means any touching of the genitals or other intimate parts of the person with the intent of arousing or gratifying sexual desire.~~

~~**Sexual Assault is a Class A Misdemeanor.**~~

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~~**Sec. 213. Simple Assault.**~~

~~A person who;~~

~~(a) intentionally causes bodily injury to another; or~~

~~(b) recklessly or negligently causes bodily injury to another with a dangerous weapon; or~~

~~(c) attempts by physical menace to put another in fear of serious bodily harm, or by~~

~~physical menace causes another to harm himself or herself, is guilty of an assault.~~

~~Where the victim of an assault is a public official or employee, it is no defense that the action of the public official or employee is unlawful so long as the official reasonably appeared to~~

~~be acting within the scope of his or her duties or employment; provided however that clearly excessive force may be resisted.~~

~~Simple Assault is a Class A Misdemeanor.~~

Subchapter F. Abusive Conduct

Sec. 324. Harassment.

~~A person who knowingly and repeatedly commits unwanted or intrusive communications, acts, or gestures, including using a telephone, the Internet, a computer-aided device, cellular telephone, facsimile machine, video recorder, or any other similarly situated communication device, to repeatedly transmit images, writings, or sounds to another person for no lawful purpose, or who records images, writings, or sounds of another person for no lawful purpose, or who stalks, follows, peers or peeps into windows, or who commits any similar acts that are intended to adversely and unlawfully affect the safety, security, or privacy of another, regardless of the relationship between the offender and the victim, is guilty of a Class A Misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly.~~

Sec. 325. Abuse of a Vulnerable Adult.

~~(a) **Definitions.** For the purposes of this Section, the following definitions shall apply:~~

~~(1) "Abuse" means an act against a vulnerable adult that constitutes a violation of or an attempt to violate:~~

- ~~(i) Assault as defined in Section 318 or Section 310 (Indecent Exposure);~~
- ~~(ii) Criminal sexual conduct in violation of Sections 307 (Rape), 308 (Sexual Assault), or 311 (Prostitution);~~

~~In addition, abuse means:~~

- ~~(iii) Conduct which is not performed for any lawful or therapeutic purpose, which produces or could reasonably be expected to produce physical pain or injury or emotional distress to a vulnerable adult, including hitting, slapping, biting, kicking, pinching or other similar conduct, or the use of repeated or malicious oral, written, or gestured language that~~

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would be considered by a reasonable person to be disparaging, derogatory, humiliating, harassing, or threatening; or

(iv) The use of any deprivation procedure, unreasonable confinement, or involuntary seclusion, including the forced separation of the vulnerable adult from other persons against the will of the vulnerable adult or the legal representative of the vulnerable adult.

(2) “Caregiver” means an individual or facility who has responsibility for the care of a vulnerable adult as a result of a family relationship, or who has assumed responsibility for all or a portion of the care of a vulnerable adult voluntarily, by contract, or by agreement.

(3) “Financial exploit” means:

(i) Willfully using, withholding, or disposing of funds or property of a vulnerable adult; or

(ii) Forcing, compelling, coercing, or enticing a vulnerable adult against the vulnerable adult’s will to perform services for the profit or advantage of another.

(4) “Neglect” means a caregiver’s failure to supply a vulnerable adult with care or services, including food, clothing, shelter, health care, or supervision which is:

(i) Reasonable and necessary to obtain or maintain the vulnerable adult’s physical or mental health or safety considering the physical and mental capacity or dysfunction of the vulnerable adult; and

(ii) Which is not the result of an accident or therapeutic conduct.

(5) “Vulnerable adult” means any person eighteen (18) years or older who:

(i) Is a resident or inpatient of a facility or receives services from a licensed medical, therapeutic, or home care provider;

(ii) Regardless of residence or whether any type of service is received, possesses an infirmity or other physical, mental, or emotional dysfunction that impairs the individual’s ability to provide adequately for the individual’s own care without assistance and because of the

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dysfunction or infirmity and the need for care or services, the individual ability to protect the individual's self from abuse, neglect, or financial exploit is impaired.

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(b) **Prohibited acts.** A caregiver who knowingly and intentionally neglects, abuses, or financially exploits a vulnerable adult commits abuse of a vulnerable adult.

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(c) **Affirmative defenses.** A caretaker who in good faith selects and depends on spiritual means or prayer for treatment or care of disease or remedial care of a vulnerable adult, this treatment or care is "health care" within the meaning of this Section.

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(d) **Penalty.** A person who commits abuse of a vulnerable adult is guilty of a Class A Misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly, except that a person who commits an acts that violates Subsection (a)(1)(ii) is be guilty of an Enhanced Felony and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly.

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Sec. 214 — Domestic Abuse:

~~(a) Any person who;~~

- ~~(1) intentionally causes bodily harm to a family member or household member; or~~
~~(2) attempts by physical menace to put a family member or household member in fear of serious bodily harm, or by physical menace causes another to harm himself/herself, is guilty of domestic abuse.~~

~~(b) For the purposes of this Section "family member or household member" means a spouse, former spouse, adult person related by blood or marriage, or adult person of the opposite sex residing with the accused.~~

~~Domestic Abuse is a Class A Misdemeanor for which the person arrested shall not be released from custody except at arraignment as described in Sections 401 and 402 of Title II of this Code.~~

~~(Added by Ordinance #3-97; Adopted: December 11, 1997; Effective: December 11, 1997)~~

CHAPTER 43. CRIMES AGAINST PRIVATE PROPERTY.

Subchapter A. Arson

Sec. 4301. Arson.

(a) Prohibited acts. Except as specifically provided in this Section, a person who starts or maintains a fire or causes and explosion with intent to destroy or damage a building, occupied structure, motor vehicle, field, crop, or standing timber of another ~~is guilty of~~commits arson.

(b) Exception. A person who burns grass thatch or participates in a prescribed burn of timbered land is not guilty of arson.

(c) Penalty. A person who commits arson is guilty of a Felony and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly.

~~Arson is a Felony.~~

Subchapter B. Burglary and Related Offenses

Sec. 4302. Burglary.

The person who enters a building or occupied structure, or a separately secured or occupied portion of a building or structure, with intent to commit a violent crime or crime related to theft therein is guilty ~~of burglary of a Felony and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly,~~ unless the premises are at the time open to the public or the defendant is licensed or privileged to enter.

~~Burglary is a Felony.~~

Sec. 4303. Criminal Trespass.

(a) Prohibited acts. A person who, knowing that he or she is not licensed or privileged ~~to do so,~~ does any of the following commits criminal trespass:

(1) enters or surreptitiously remains in any building or occupied structure, or ~~or~~ separately secured or occupied portion of a building or structure; ~~or~~

(2) enters or remains in any place that belongs to another after being notified that he or she is forbidden to do so, either orally, in writing, or by a fence or other

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enclosure manifestly designed to exclude intruders; or
(3) intentionally allows an animal to occupy or graze on the lands of another person.

as to which notice against trespass is given by:

- (1) actual communication to the defendant;
- (2) posting in a manner reasonably likely to come to the attention of intruders; or
- (3) fencing or other enclosures manifestly designed to exclude intruders; or
- (e) is guilty of criminal trespass.

(b) Penalty. A person who commits criminal trespass and enters or remains in any building or occupied structure is guilty of a Class A Misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly. Otherwise, a person who commits criminal trespass is guilty of a Class B Misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly.

~~Criminal Trespass is a Class A Misdemeanor if the defendant enters or remains in any building or occupied structure. Otherwise, it is a Class B Misdemeanor.~~

Subchapter C. Theft and Related Crimes

Sec. ~~4304~~. Theft.

(a) Prohibited acts. A person who does any of the following commits theft: who;

- (1) (a) intentionally takes or exercises unauthorized control over, or makes an unauthorized transfer of an interest in, the property of another with intent to deprive the owner thereof; or
- (2) (b) intentionally obtains the property of another by misrepresentation or deception; or
- (3) (c) intentionally obtains the property of another by threat of force; or
- (4) (d) receives, retains or disposes of the property of another knowing that it has been stolen or believing that it has probably been stolen, unless the property is received, retained or disposed of with interest to restore it to the owner; or
- (5) (e) comes into control of property of another that the defendant knows was lost, mislaid, or delivered under a mistake as to the nature or amount of the

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property or the identity of the recipient, and with intent to deprive the owner thereof, fails to take reasonable measures to restore the property to the person entitled to have it; or

~~(6) (f)~~ intentionally obtains services, known by the defendant to be available only for compensation, by avoiding payment for the services, or, having control over the disposition of services of another to which he or she is not entitled, knowingly diverts those services to the defendant's own benefit or to the benefit of another not entitled thereto; or

~~(7) (g)~~ intentionally disposes of, uses, or transfers any interest in property which has been entrusted to the defendant as a parent or guardian of a minor, or for any other reason, for other than the purpose or purposes for which the property was placed in trust; or

~~(8) (h)~~ intentionally misbrands or alters the brand or mark on any livestock of another person is guilty of theft; or

~~(9) Intentionally takes or uses a movable which belongs to another, either without the other's consent, or by means of fraudulent conduct, practice, or representation, but without any intent to deprive the other of the movable permanently. A "movable" is property whose physical location can be changed.~~

(b) Penalty.

~~(1) **Felony Theft.** A person who commits theft where the amount exceeds Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00) is guilty a Felony and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly. On a second conviction under this paragraph (1), the offender is guilty of a Felony and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly, provided that the convicted offender receives a minimum sentence of three (3) months in jail. On a third or subsequent conviction under this paragraph (1), the offender shall be guilty of a Felony and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly, provided that the convicted offender receives a minimum sentence six (6) months in jail without the~~

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benefit of parole, probation, or suspension of sentence.

(2) **Misdemeanor Theft.** A person who commits theft where the amount is less than Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00) is guilty of a Class A Misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly. On a second conviction under this paragraph (2), the offender is guilty of a Class A Misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly, provided that the convicted offender receives a minimum sentence of forty five (45) days in jail. On a third conviction under this paragraph (2), the offender is guilty of a Class A Misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly, provided that the convicted offender receives three (3) months in jail without the benefit of parole, probation, or suspended sentence.

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~~-Conduct denominated "theft" in this Section constitutes a single offense embracing the several offenses heretofore known as embezzlement, extortion, fraud, larceny, receiving stolen property, misbranding, and the like.~~

~~**Theft is a Felony if the amount involved exceeds Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00). Otherwise, it is a Class A Misdemeanor.**~~

(Revised by Ordinance #3-98; Adopted: June 18, 1998; Effective: June 18, 1998; Revised by Ordinance #01-15; Adopted: February 5, 2015; Effective: February 5, 2015)

Sec. 4305. Robbery.

(a) **Prohibited acts.** A person commits robbery if he or she who, in the course of committing or attempting to commit a theft or while fleeing from the commission or attempted commission of a theft, does any of the following:;

- (1) inflicts or attempts to inflict bodily injury upon another person; or
- (2) threatens or menaces another with immediate bodily injury is guilty of robbery.

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(b) **Penalty.** A person who commits robbery is guilty of a Felony if the amount involved exceeds Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00) and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly. Otherwise, a person who commits robbery is guilty of a Class A Misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly.

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~~Robbery is a Felony if the amount involved exceeds Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00). Otherwise, it is a Class A Misdemeanor.~~

(Revised by Ordinance #3-98; Adopted: June 18, 1998; Effective: June 18, 1998; Revised by Ordinance #01-15; Adopted: February 5, 2015; Effective: February 5, 2015)

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Sec. 4306. Criminal Mischief.

(a) Penalty. A person commits criminal mischief if he or she intentionally or recklessly does any of the following: A person who intentionally or recklessly;

- (1) damages intangible property of another person; or
- (2) tampers with tangible property of another person so as to endanger person or property is guilty of criminal mischief.

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(b) Prohibited acts. A person who commits criminal mischief is guilty of a Class A Misdemeanor if the defendant intentionally causes pecuniary loss in excess of One Hundred Dollars (\$100) and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly. Otherwise, a person who commits criminal mischief is guilty of a Class B Misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly.

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~~Criminal Mischief is a Class A Misdemeanor if the defendant intentionally causes pecuniary loss in excess of One Hundred Dollars (\$100). Otherwise, it is a Class B Misdemeanor.~~

(Revised by Ordinance #01-15; Adopted: February 5, 2015; Effective: February 5, 2015)

Sec. 4307. Issuing Bad Checks.

(a) Prohibited acts. A person who issues any check, draft or order upon any bank or other depository knowing that there are not sufficient funds in his or her account to pay such check, draft or order in full upon presentation is guilty of commits issuing bad checks.

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(b) Penalty. A person who commits issuing bad checks is guilty of a Class B Misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly. A person who receives a second or subsequent conviction for the act of issuing bad checks is guilty of a Class A Misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly.

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(c) Limitation. No person shall be prosecuted under this Section unless he or she has been notified in writing of the insufficiency of funds, has been given at least ten (10) days in which to make restitution, and has failed to make such restitution.

~~Issuing Bad Checks shall be a Class B Misdemeanor, except that a third or subsequent offense shall be a Class A Misdemeanor.~~

Subchapter D. Forgery and Related Crimes

Sec. 4308. Forgery.

(a) Prohibited acts. A person who, with intent to deceive or harm the Chitimacha Tribe of Louisiana or any other person, knowingly and falsely signs, executes, or alters a writing or written instrument or record so that it purports to have been made by another or by himself under an assumed fictitious name, or at another time, or with different provisions, or by authority of one who did not give such authority commits forgery.

(b) Penalty. A person who commits forgery where the amount involved exceeds \$500.00 is guilty of a Felony and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly. Otherwise, a person who commits forgery is guilty of a Class A Misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly.

~~(a) knowingly and falsely makes, completes, executes, authenticates, issues, transfers or alters any writing; or~~

~~(b) knowingly utters a forged writing is guilty of forgery.~~

~~Forgery is a Felony if the amount involved exceeds Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00). Otherwise, it is a Class A Misdemeanor.~~

(Revised by Ordinance #3-98; Adopted: June 18, 1998; Effective: June 18, 1998; Revised by Ordinance #01-15; Adopted: February 5, 2015; Effective: February 5, 2015)

Sec. 409. Obtaining Signature by False Pretense.

Whoever, by false pretense, obtains the signature of another to a writing that is the subject of forgery under Section 408 is guilty of a Class A Misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be

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sentenced accordingly.

CHAPTER 54. CRIMES AGAINST THE PUBLIC ORDER.

Subchapter A. Explosives and Weapons Offenses

Sec. 5401. Carrying A Concealed Dangerous Weapon.

(a) Prohibited acts. A person commits carrying a concealed dangerous weapon if he or she who carries, concealed about his or her person without specific governmental approval, a dangerous weapon (as defined by Section 102(f)). any of the following weapons, is guilty of carrying a concealed dangerous weapon: blackjack, billy, bludgeon, metal knuckles, or knife with a blade over six (6) inches long or other sharp or dangerous instrument usually employed in the attack or defense of a person; ora gun or dangerous firearm, whether loaded or unloaded.

(b) Penalty.

(1) Subject to Subsection (b)(2), a person who commits carrying a concealed dangerous weapon is guilty of a Class A Misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly.

(2) A person who commits carrying a concealed dangerous weapon in a firearm-free zone is guilty of a Felony and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly.

(3) In addition to the penalties prescribed for such an offense, a person convicted of carrying a concealed dangerous weapon may be ordered by the Court to forfeit such weapon to the Chitimacha Tribal Police Department.

~~Carrying a Concealed Weapon is a Class A Misdemeanor. In addition to the penalty prescribed for such an offense, a person convicted of carrying a concealed weapon may be ordered by the Court to forfeit such weapon to the Chitimacha Tribal Police Department.~~

(Revised by Ordinance #01-15; Adopted: February 5, 2015; Effective: February 5, 2015)

Sec. 5402. Possession of Explosives.

(a) Prohibited acts. A person who possesses, transports or controls any nitroglycerin, dynamite or other dangerous explosive, unless such explosive is possessed in the prosecution of or

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to effect a lawful purpose previously approved by the Chitimacha Tribal Council, commits is guilty of possession of explosives.

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(b) Penalty.

(1) Subject to Subsection (b)(2), a person who commits possession of explosives is guilty of a Class A Misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly.

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(2) A person who commits possession of explosives in a firearm-free zone is guilty of a Felony and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly.

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(3) In addition to the penalty prescribed for such an offense, a person convicted of possession of explosives may be ordered by the Chitimacha Tribal Court to forfeit such explosives to the Chitimacha Tribal Police Department.

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~~Possession of Explosives is a Class A Misdemeanor. In addition to the penalty prescribed for such an offense, a person convicted of possession of explosives may be ordered by the Chitimacha Tribal Court to forfeit such explosives to the Chitimacha Tribal Police Department.~~

(Revised by Ordinance #01-15; Adopted: February 5, 2015; Effective: February 5, 2015)

Sec. 5403. Use of Dangerous Weapons by Children.

(a) Prohibited acts.

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(1) A parent, guardian, or other person having charge or custody of a minor under ~~seventeen (17) sixteen (16)~~ years of age ~~who shall not~~ knowingly allows such minor to carry or use in public a dangerous weapon ~~listed in Section 401, except when such minor is in the company and under the direct or indirect control of such parent, guardian, or other adult person is guilty of use of dangerous weapons by children.~~

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(2) A person who is under the age of seventeen (17) shall not knowingly possess a dangerous weapon.

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(b) Penalty.

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(1) A person who commits use of a dangerous weapon by children in violation of

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Subsection (a)(1) is guilty of a Class A Misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly, except that a person so convicted who committed the offense in a firearm-free zone shall be guilty of a Felony and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly.

(2) A person who commits use of a dangerous weapon by children in violation of Subsection (a)(2) is guilty of a Class B Misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly, except that a person so convicted who committed the offense in a firearm-free zone shall be guilty of a Class A Misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly.

(c) **Exclusion.** The provisions of this Section shall not apply where the person who is under the age of seventeen (17) is in the company and under the direct or indirect control of a parent, guardian, or other adult person.

Use of Dangerous Weapons by Children is a Class A Misdemeanor.

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Sec. 5404. Unlawful Discharge of Firearms.

(a) **Prohibit acts.** A person who does any of the following acts commits unlawful discharge of firearms: :

(1) ~~(a)~~—discharges a firearm in a careless or reckless manner so as to endanger a person or property within the Chitimacha Reservation; ~~or~~

(2) ~~(b)~~—discharges a firearm while located on the Chitimacha Tribe of Louisiana Reservation; or within one hundred feet (100') of a residence, business or roadway is guilty of unlawful discharge of firearm.

(3) discharges a firearm in a firearm-free zone.

(b) **Penalty.**

(1) A person who commits unlawful discharge of firearms under Subsection (a)(1) or (a)(2) is guilty of a Class A Misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly.

(2) A person who commits unlawful discharge of firearms under Subsection (a)(3) is guilty of a Felony and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly.

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~~(3) Unlawful Discharge of Firearms is a Class A Misdemeanor.~~ In addition to the penalty prescribed for such an offense, a person convicted of unlawful discharge of firearms may be ordered by the Chitimacha Tribal Court to forfeit such firearm to the Chitimacha Tribal Police Department.

(Revised by Ordinance #01-15; Adopted: February 5, 2015; Effective: February 5, 2015)

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Sec. 5405. Unlawful Possession of Firearms.

(a) Prohibited acts. A person other than a commissioned law enforcement officer engaged in official duties who does any of the following acts commits unlawful possession of firearms:

~~(1) (a)~~ possesses, obtains, receives, sells or uses a short-barreled rifle (16" or less) or short-barreled shotgun (18" or less); ~~or~~

~~(2) (b)~~ possesses or owns a firearm after having been convicted in any jurisdiction of a felony level offense that involved possession of a firearm; is guilty of unlawful possession of firearms; or

~~(3)~~ possesses a firearm in a firearm-free zone, subject to the exclusions provided under Section 506(e).-

(b) Penalty.

~~(1)~~ A person who commits unlawful possession of firearms in violation of Subsections (a)(1) or (a)(2) is guilty of a Class A Misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly.

~~(2)~~ A person who commits unlawful possession of firearms in violation of Subsections (a)(3) is guilty of a Felony and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly.

Unlawful Possession of Firearms is a Class A Misdemeanor.

Sec. 506. Firearm-Free Zone.

(a) Definitions. For the purpose of this Section, the following definitions shall apply:

(1) "School" means any institution designed for the teaching of students (or

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"pupils") under the direction of Educators;

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(2) "School property" means all property used for school purposes, including but not limited to school playgrounds, as well as any building or area owned by the Chitimacha Tribe of Louisiana and used or operated as a playground or recreational facility and all parks and recreational areas administered by the Tribe; and

(3) "Child day care center property" means property where children are cared for during the day by a person other than the child's legal guardians, typically performed by someone outside the child's immediate family.

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(b) **Firearm-Free Zone.** For the purposes of Title III of this Code, "firearm-free zone" is an area inclusive of any school, school property, child day care center property, and within five hundred feet of any such location, and within a school bus or day care bus.

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(c) **Notice to the public.** The Chitimacha Tribe of Louisiana Police Department shall:

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(1) Publish a map clearly delineating the boundaries of each firearm-free zone in accordance with the specifications in Subsection (b). The firearm-free zone map shall be a public document and submitted to the Clerk of Court for the Chitimacha Tribe of Louisiana Tribal Court; and

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(2) Create signage clearly communicates that an area is a firearm-free zone and that such zone extends to five hundred feet from the boundary of the area. Post the signs in a visible manner on or near each school and school property, on and in each school bus, on or near each child day care center property, and on and in each day care bus.

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(d) **Prohibited acts and penalty.** A person who covers, defaces, alters, or destroys any sign or other marking identifying a firearm-free zone as provided in this Section is guilty of a Class B Misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly.

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(e) **Properties excluded.** The provisions of this Section shall not apply to:

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(1) A government property devoted to law enforcement;

(2) A commercial establishment which is permitted by law to have firearms or armed security; or

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(3) Private premises, including a home or vehicle, where a firearm is kept pursuant to law.

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Subchapter B. Threats Made Against the Public Order.

Sec. 507. Terroristic Threats.

(a) Prohibited acts. A person who does any of the following commits terroristic threats:

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(1) Threatens to commit any crime of violence with purpose to terrorize another or to cause evacuation of a building, place of assembly or facility of public transportation or otherwise cause serious public inconvenience, or in reckless disregard of the risk of causing such terror or serious public inconvenience; or

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(2) Communicates to another with purpose to terrorize another or in reckless disregard of the risk of causing such terror, that explosives or an explosive device or any incendiary device is present at a named place or location, whether or not the same is in fact present.

(b) Penalty. A person who commits terroristic threats is guilty of a Felony and, upon conviction, may be sentenced accordingly.

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(c) Affirmative defense. It shall be an affirmative defense that the person communicating the information provided for in Subsection (a) was not involved in the commission of a crime of violence or creation of a circumstance dangerous to human life and reasonably believed his actions were necessary to protect the welfare of the public.

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Sec. 508. Aiding Others in Terrorism.

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A person who raises, solicits, collects, or provides material support or resources with the intent that such will be used, in whole or in part, to plan, prepare, carry out, or aid in any act of terrorism or hinders the prosecution of terrorism, including harboring or concealing a person who is known or believed by the offender to have committed an act of terrorism or suppressing evidence which may aid in the discovery or apprehension of a person who is known or believed by the offender to have committed an act of terrorism, is guilty of a Felony and, upon conviction, may

be sentenced accordingly.

Subchapter CB. Drugs and Related Offenses.

Sec. 406509. Unlawful Production, Distribution, Intent to Distribute, Sale, possession or Use of Drugs.

~~A person who knowingly produces, distributes, intends to distribute, sells, possesses or uses marijuana, synthetic cannabinoids, legend drugs without a prescription, or any narcotic drug, including any substance containing opium, coca leaves, any opiate or any substance, compound or derivative thereof, any salt, compound, isomer derivative, or preparation thereof which chemically equivalent or identical with any of the substances referred to above, but not including the isoquinoline alkaloids of opium, or who shall inhale the fumes of any gasoline, airplane glue, or any other similar noxious substance for the purposes of producing intoxication is guilty of unlawful production, distribution, intent to distribute, sale, possession or use of drugs.~~

(a) Definitions. “Drug” or “drugs” shall include:

- (1) A “controlled substance” as defined by 21 CFR Part 1308 as of March 4, 2016;**
- (2) “~~S~~synthetic cannabinoids,” which shall be defined as Composition of schedules,** which states: Synthetic cannabinoids. Unless specifically excepted, or contained within a pharmaceutical product approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration, or unless listed in another schedule, any material, compound, mixture, or preparation, which contains any quantity of a synthetic cannabinoid found to be in any of the following chemical groups, or any of those groups which contain any synthetic cannabinoid salts, isomers, salts of isomers, or nitrogen-heterocyclic analogs, whenever the existence of such salts, isomers, salts of isomers, or nitrogen-heterocyclic analogs is possible within the specific chemical groups:

- (i) Naphthoylindoles:

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Any compound containing a 3-(1-naphthoyl)indole structure, whether or not substituted in the indole ring to any extent or the naphthyl ring to any extent;

(ii) Naphthylmethylindoles:

Any compound containing a 1-H-indol-3-yl-(1-naphthyl)methane structure, whether or not substituted in the indole ring to any extent or the naphthyl ring to any extent;

(iii) Naphthoylpyrroles:

Any compound containing a 3-(1-naphthoyl)pyrrole structure, whether or not substituted in the pyrrole ring to any extent or the naphthyl ring to any extent;

(iv) Naphthylmethylindenes:

Any compound containing a 1-(1-naphthylmethyl)indene structure, whether or not substituted in the indene ring to any extent or the naphthyl ring to any extent;

(v) Phenylacetylindoles:

Any compound containing a 3-phenylacetylindole structure, whether or not substituted in the indole ring to any extent or the phenyl ring to any extent;

(vi) Cyclohexylphenols:

Any compound containing a 2-(3-hydroxycyclohexyl)phenol structure, whether or not substituted in the cyclohexyl ring to any extent or the phenyl ring to any extent;

(vii) Benzoylindoles:

Any compound containing a 3-(benzoyl)indole structure, whether or not substituted in the indole ring to any extent or the phenyl ring to any extent;

(viii) Tetrahydrodibenzopyrans whether or not substituted in the tricyclic ring system except where contained in cannabis or cannabis resin;

(ix) Hexahydrodibenzopyrans whether or not substituted in the tricyclic ring system except where contained in cannabis or cannabis resin;

(x) Cyclopropanoylindoles:

Any compound containing a 3-(cyclopropanoyl)indole structure, whether or not substituted in the indole ring to any extent or the cyclopropyl ring to any extent;

(xi) Adamantoylindoles:

Any compound containing a 3-(1-adamantoyl)indole structure, whether or not further substituted in the indole ring to any extent or whether or not substituted in the adamantyl ring to any extent;

(xii) Naphthylamidoindoles:

Any compound containing a N-(naphthyl)-indole-3-carboxamide structure, whether or not further substituted in the indole ring to any extent or whether or not substituted in the naphthyl ring to any extent;

(xiii) Quinolinyndolecarboxylates:

Any compound containing a quinolin-8-yl-1H-indole-3-carboxylate structure, whether or not substituted in the indole ring to any extent or the quinoline ring to any extent;

(xiv) Adamantylamidoindoles:

Any compound containing a N-(adamantyl)-indole-3-carboxamide structure, whether or not further substituted in the indole ring to any extent or whether or not substituted in the adamantyl ring to any extent;

- (xv) N-(1-amino-3,3-dimethyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1-(4-fluorobenzyl)-1-H-indazole-3-carboxamide;
- (xvi) N-(1-amino-3,3-dimethyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1-pentyl-1-H-indole-3-carboxamide;
- (xvii) N-(1-amino-3-methyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1-(4-fluorobenzyl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamide;
- (xviii) N-(1-amino-3-methyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamide;
- (xix) N-(1-amino-3-methyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1-pentyl-1H-indazole-3-carboxamide;
- (xx) (1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-benzimidazol-2-yl)(naphthalen-1-yl) methanone;
- (xxi) (4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)(1-pentyl-1H-indol-3-yl) methanone;

- (xxii) Naphthalen-1-yl-1-(4-fluorobenzyl)-1H-indole-3-carboxylate;
- (xxiii) N-(1-amino-3,3-dimethyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamide;
- (xxiv) N-(1-amino-3-methyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1-(cyclohexylmethyl)-1H-indazole-3-carboxamide;
- (xxv) N-(1-amino-3,3-dimethyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indole-3-carboxamide;
- (xxvi) N-(1-amino-3-methyl-1-oxobutan-2-yl)-1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indole-3-carboxamide;
- (xxvii) Naphthalen-1-yl-1-(5-fluoropentyl)-1H-indole-3-carboxylate; or
- (xxviii) N-benzyl-1-pentyl-1H-indole-3-carboxamide.

~~(3) For the purposes of this Section, "Legend drugs," shall be defined as any drug or drug product bearing on the label of the manufacturer or distributor, as required by the Federal Food and Drug Administration, the statement "Caution: Federal law prohibits dispensing without prescription".~~

~~(b) **Prohibited acts.** A person who knowingly produces, distributes, intends to distribute, sells, possesses or uses drugs, including a controlled substance, marijuana, synthetic cannabinoids, legend drugs without a prescription, or any narcotic drug, including any substance containing opium, coca leaves, any opiate or any substance, compound or derivative thereof, any salt, compound, isomer derivative, or preparation thereof which is the chemically equivalent or identical with any of the substances referred to above, but not including the isoquinoline alkaloids of opium, or who shall inhale the fumes of any gasoline, airplane glue, or any other similar noxious substance for the purposes of producing intoxication is guilty of unlawful production, distribution, intent to distribute, sale, possession or use of drugs,~~

~~(c) **PenaltiesPenalty.**~~

~~(1) **Production and distribution.** A person who commits uUnlawful pProduction, dDistribution, iIntent to dDistribute or sSale of dDrugs is guilty of a Felony and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly,~~

~~(2) **Possession and use.**~~

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(i) A person who commits unlawful possession or use of drugs is guilty of a Class A Misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly, provided that the drug possessed or used is marijuana.

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(ii) A person who commits unlawful possession or use of drugs is guilty of a Felony and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly, provided that the drug possessed or used is any drug other than marijuana.

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(iii) Civil forfeiture. Any drugs, drug paraphernalia and property used or obtained in the commission of any crime under this Section shall be subject to forfeiture as ordered by the Court.

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(Revised by Ordinance #3-98; Adopted: June 18, 1998; Effective: June 18, 1998; Revised by Ordinance #01-15; Adopted: February 5, 2015; Effective: February 5, 2015)

Sec. **406509-A.** Unlawful Distribution, Sale, Possession and/or Use of Drug Paraphernalia.

(a) Prohibited acts. A person who knowingly, or under circumstances where one reasonably should know, sells, lends, gives, exchanges, or otherwise distributes, possesses or uses drug paraphernalia commits unlawful distribution, sale, possession, and/or use of drug paraphernalia.

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(b) Definition. For the purposes of this Section, "Drug Paraphernalia" shall be defined as any equipment, product, or material of any kind which is primarily intended or designed for use in manufacturing, compounding, converting, concealing, producing, processing, preparing, injecting, ingesting, inhaling, or otherwise introducing into the human body a controlled substance, possession of which is unlawful under Section 406509. It includes primarily intended or designed for ingesting, inhaling, or otherwise introducing marijuana, cocaine, hashish, hashish oil, PCP, or amphetamines into the human body, such as –

- metal, wooden, acrylic, glass, stone, plastic, or ceramic pipes with or without screens,
- permanent screens, hashish heads, or punctured metal bowls;
- water pipes;
- carburetion tubes and devices;

smoking and carburetion masks;
roach clips: meaning objects used to hold burning material, such as a marijuana cigarette, that has become too small or too short to be held in the hand;
miniature spoons with level capacities of one-tenth cubic centimeter or less;
chamber pipes;
carburetor pipes;
electric pipes;
air-driven pipes;
chillums;
bongs;
ice pipes or chillers;
wired cigarette papers, or;
cocaine free base kits.

(c) Determining factors. In determining whether an object is drug paraphernalia, a court or other authority shall consider, in addition to all other legally relevant factors, the following:

- (1) Statements by the an owner or by anyone in control of the object concerning its use;
- (2) The proximity of the object to controlled substances;
- (3) The existence of any residue of controlled substances on the object;
- (4) instructions, oral or written, provided with the item concerning its use;
- (5) descriptive materials accompanying the item which explain or depict its use;
- (6) national and local advertising concerning its use;
- (7) the manner in which the item is displayed for sale;
- (8) whether the owner, or anyone in control of the item, is a legitimate supplier of like or related items to the community, such as a licensed distributor or dealer of tobacco products;
- (9) direct or circumstantial evidence of the ratio of sales of the item(s) to the total sales of the business enterprise;

- (10) the existence and scope of legitimate use of the item in the community; and
- (11) expert testimony concerning its use.

(d) Penalty. A person who commits uUnlawful dDistribution, sSale, pPossession and/or uUse of dDrug pParaphernalia is guilty of a Class A Misdemeanor, and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly.

(Added by Ordinance #3-98; Adopted: June 18, 1998; Effective: June 18, 1998)

Sec 406509-B. Violation of Unlawful Production, Distribution, Intent to Distribute, Sale, Possession or Use of Drugs; Drug Free Zone

A. **Prohibited acts.** (1) Any person who violates a provision of Title III, Section 406509, Unlawful production, distribution, intent to distribute, sale, possession or use of drugs on any property used for school purposes by any school, within two thousand feet (2,000') of any such property, or while on a school bus, shall, upon conviction, be punished in accordance.

(2) Any person who violates a provision of Title III, Section 406509, Unlawful production, distribution, intent to distribute, sale, possession or use of drugs while on property used as a drug treatment facility or within two thousand feet (2,000') of any such property, when included within an area marked as a drug free zone pursuant shall, upon conviction, be punished in accordance.

(3) (a) Any person who violates a provision of Title III, Section 406509, Unlawful production, distribution, intent to distribute, sale, possession or use of drugs while on any housing authority property, child day care center property, or within two thousand feet (2,000') of any such property, if the area is posted as a drug free zone, shall, upon conviction, be punished in accordance.

(b) In order for the provisions of this Section to apply to housing authority property, or child day care center property, the building must be posted as a drug free zone as provided herein. The design and posting of the signs shall be at the discretion of the entity that owns or has authority over the religious

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building, public housing authority property, or child day care center property. In order to post the area as a drug free zone, the signs shall be located in a visible manner on or near each housing authority property, or child day care center property indicating that such area is a drug free zone, that such zone extends for a distance of two thousand feet, and that a violation of Title III, Section ~~406~~509, Unlawful production, distribution, intent to distribute, sale, possession or use of drugs will subject the offender to severe penalties under law.

B. **Defense prohibited.** Lack of knowledge that the prohibited act occurred on or within two thousand feet (2,000') of school or drug treatment facility property shall not be a defense.

C. **Definitions.** For purposes of this Section:

- (1) "School" means any institution designed for the teaching of students (or "pupils") under the direction of Educators.
- (2) "School property" means all property used for school purposes, including but not limited to school playgrounds, as well as any building or area owned by the Chitimacha Tribe of Louisiana and used or operated as a playground or recreational facility and all parks and recreational areas administered by the Tribe.
- (3) "Drug treatment facility" means all property used for diagnostic, treatment, and rehabilitative services to patients and their families with problems related to alcohol, drug, or substance abuse.
- (4) "Housing authority property" means all property owned or operated by a housing authority or agency created by The Chitimacha Tribe of Louisiana.

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- (5) "Child day care center property" means property where children are cared for during the day by a person other than the child's legal guardians, typically performed by someone outside the child's immediate family.

D. **Penalty.** A person who commits Violation of Unlawful Productions, Distribution, Intent to Distribute or Sale of Drugs in a Designated Drug Free Zone is guilty of an Enhanced Felony and, upon conviction, may be sentenced accordingly. A person who commits Unlawful Possession or Use of Drugs in a Designated Drug Free Zone is guilty of a Felony and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly.

~~Violation of Unlawful Production, Distribution, Intent to Distribute or Sale of Drugs in a Designated Drug Free Zone is a Felony. Violation of Unlawful Possession or Use of Drugs in a Designated Drug Free Zone is a Class A Misdemeanor.~~

(Added by Ordinance #01-15; Adopted: February 5, 2015; Effective: February 5, 2015)

Sec. 406509-C. Distribution to Persons Under Age Eighteen

(a) Prohibited acts.

- (1) A person who is twenty-five (25) years of age or older who violates Title III, Section 509 of this Code by distributing a drug to a person he or she knows is under eighteen (18) years of age is guilty of distribution to a person under age eighteen.
- (2) A person who is at least eighteen (18) years of age but under twenty-five (25) who violates Title III, Section 509 by distributing a drug to a person he or she knows is under eighteen (18) years of age commits distribution to a person under age eighteen under this Subsection(a)(2), provided that the drug recipient is at least three years (3) younger than the offender.

(b) Penalty.

- (1) A person who commits distribution to a person under the age of eighteen

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~~under Subsection (a)(1) is guilty of an Enhanced Felony and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly.~~

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~~(2) A person who commits distribution to a person under the age of eighteen under Subsection (a)(2) is guilty of a Felony and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly.~~

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~~— A person who knowingly is a:~~

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~~(a) — Persons twenty five (25) or over to persons under eighteen (18). Any person who is at least twenty five (25) years of age, or more, who violates Title III, Section 406 by distributing a drug to a person under eighteen (18) years of age; or~~

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~~(b) — Any persons who is at least eighteen (18) years of age but under twenty five (25) who violates Title III, Section 406 by distributing a drug to a person under eighteen (18) years of age who is at least three (3) years his junior is guilty of distribution to persons under the age of eighteen (18).—~~

~~For the purposes of this Section, "drug" refers to any substances listed in Title III, Section 406.—~~

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~~**Any persons twenty five (25) or over is a Felony. Any persons who is at least eighteen (18) years of age but under twenty five (25) is a Class A Misdemeanor.**~~

(Added by Ordinance #01-15; Adopted: February 5, 2015; Effective: February 5, 2015)

Sec. 406509-D. Additional Penalties May be Imposed.

In addition to any penalties hereinabove provided, if the Chitimacha Tribe of Louisiana or any of its affiliated organizations pays expenses related to the care or medical services of the offender, the Chitimacha Tribe of Louisiana may seek restitution from any funds to be paid to the offender through annual per capita payments or minor's trust funds, now or in the future.

(Added by Ordinance #01-15; Adopted: February 5, 2015; Effective: February 5, 2015)

Sec. 510. Falsification of Drug Tests.

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~~(a) **Prohibited acts.** A person who does any of the following acts commits falsification of drug tests:~~

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(1) Submits to court-ordered drug testing, either after arrest for an offense and as a condition of pretrial release or after conviction of, or plea of guilty to, an offense and as a condition of probation, shall intentionally falsify or alter or attempt to falsify or alter the results of such a drug test by the substitution of urine or other samples or specimens or the use of any device in order to obscure or conceal the presence of a substance that the test is administered to detect; or

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(2) Knowingly deliver, possess with the intent to deliver, or manufacture with the intent to deliver a substance or device designed or intended solely to falsify or alter drug test results.

(b) **Penalty.** A person who commits falsification of drug test results is guilty of a Class B Misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly.

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Subchapter C. Offenses Involving Governmental Processes

Sec. 407511. **Bribery.**

(a) **Prohibited acts.** A person ~~who commits bribery if he or she~~ intentionally offers, gives, or agrees to give another, or solicits, accepts, or agrees to accept from another, anything of value as consideration:

(1) to influence the recipient's official action as a public servant; or

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(2) to induce the recipient's violation of a known legal duty as a public servant is guilty of bribery.

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(b) **Penalty.** A person who commits bribery is guilty of a Felony and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly.

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Bribery is a Felony.

Sec. 408512. **Interfering with Elections.**

(a) **Prohibited acts.** A person ~~commits interfering with elections if he or she does any of the following: who;~~

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(1) coerces, threatens, injures or intimidates another person with respect to voting, qualifying to vote, qualifying or campaigning as or for a candidate for elective

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office, or qualifying or acting as an election official, in any primary, special, or general election of the Chitimacha Tribe of Louisiana; ~~or~~

(2) in connection with any election of the Chitimacha Tribe of Louisiana, makes or induces any false voting registration; ~~or~~

(3) in connection with any election of the Chitimacha Tribe of Louisiana, offers, gives, or agrees to give anything of pecuniary value to another person as consideration for the recipient's voting or withholding his or her vote or voting for or against any candidate or issue or for such conduct by another; ~~or~~

(4) solicits, accepts, or agrees to accept anything of pecuniary value as consideration for conduct prohibited under Subsections (b) or (c); or

(5) otherwise obstructs or interferes with the lawful conduct of an election of the Chitimacha Tribe of Louisiana or registration therefore; ~~is guilty of interfering with elections.~~

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(b) Penalty. A person who commits interfering with elections under Subsections (a)(1)

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~~through (4) is guilty of a Felony and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly. A person who commits interfering with election under Section (a)(5) is guilty of a Class A Misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly.~~

~~Interfering with Elections in violation of Subsections (a), (b), (c) or (d) is a Felony.~~

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~~Interfering with Elections in violation of Subsection (e) is a Class A Misdemeanor.~~

(Revised by Ordinance #01-15; Adopted: February 5, 2015; Effective: February 5, 2015)

Sec. 513. Prohibited Campaigning.

~~A person who violations Title X, Chapter 6, Section 608 of the Code is guilty of a Class B Misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly.~~

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Sec. 409514. Hindering Law Enforcement.

(a) Prohibited acts. A person ~~commits hindering law enforcement if he or she who~~ knows that another person has or may have committed a criminal offense and intentionally interferes with, hinders, delays, or prevents the discovery, arrest, prosecution, conviction, or

punishment of such other person by:

- (1) harboring or concealing such other person;
- (2) providing such other person with a weapon, money, transportation, disguise, or other means of avoiding discovery or apprehension;
- (3) warning such other person of impending discovery or apprehension, unless the warning is intended to induce such person to give himself up to a law enforcement officer;
- (4) giving false information or a false report to a law enforcement officer, knowing such information or report to be false, or
- (5) attempting to influence the deliberations of a jury; is guilty of hindering law enforcement.

(b) Penalty. A person who commits hindering law enforcement is guilty of a Class A Misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly.

Hindering Law Enforcement is a Class A Misdemeanor.

Sec. 410515. Perjury.

(a) Prohibited acts. A person who, in any official proceeding of the Chitimacha Tribe of Louisiana, makes a false statement or interpretation under oath or equivalent affirmation, or swears or affirms the truth of a statement of interpretation previously made when the statement or interpretation is material and the defendant does not believe it to be true, is guilty of commits perjury.

Falsification is "material" if it could have affected the course or outcome of the proceeding.

(b) Penalty. A person who commits perjury is guilty of a Felony and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly. Perjury is a Felony.

(Revised by Ordinance #01-15; Adopted: February 5, 2015; Effective: February 5, 2015)

Sec. 414516. Criminal Contempt.

(a) Contempt power. All courts of the Chitimacha Tribe of Louisiana have power to punish for contempt of their authority.

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(b) Prohibited acts. A person commits criminal contempt by doing any of the following: the following offenses:

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- (1) misbehavior of any person in the presence of the Chitimacha Tribal Court or so near thereto as to obstruct the administration of justice; or
- (2) disobedience or resistance to any process, order, subpoena, warrant or command of the Court.

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(c) Penalty. A person who commits criminal contempt is guilty of a Class A

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Misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be convicted accordingly.

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Criminal Contempt is a Class A Misdemeanor,

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Sec. 412517. Resisting Arrest Law Enforcement Officer.

(a) Prohibited acts. A person who commits resisting a law enforcement officer if the person has reasonable grounds to believe that the victim is a law enforcement officer acting in the performance of his or her official duties and does any of the following: with intent to prevent a law enforcement officer from effecting an arrest:

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- (1) (a) refuses to give his or her name or provides false information regarding his or her identity; or

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- (2) flees from a law enforcement officer, after being told by an officer that the person is under arrest; or

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(c) Penalty. A person who commits resisting a law enforcement officer is guilty of a Class B Misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly.

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(f) Legality of arrest irrelevant. A person is guilty of resisting a law enforcement officer regardless of whether the arrest is lawful.

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(g) Affirmative defense. It is a defense to a prosecution under this Section to resist force that is clearly excessive.

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Sec. 518. Resisting Arrest with Force or Violence.

(a) Prohibited acts. A person commits resisting arrest with force or violence if the

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person has reasonable grounds to believe that the victim is a law enforcement officer acting in the performance of his or her official duties and the person does any of the following:

- (1) creates a substantial risk of bodily harm to a law enforcement officer; or
- (2) knowingly uses force or violence to resist the arrest.

(b) Penalty. A person who commits resisting arrest with force or violence is guilty of a Felony and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly.

(c) Legality of arrest irrelevant. A person is guilty of resisting arrest with force or violence regardless of whether the arrest is lawful.

(d) Affirmative defense. It is a defense to a prosecution under this Section to resist force that is clearly excessive.

Sec. 519. Resisting Arrest with Bodily Injury

(a) Prohibited acts. A person commits resisting arrest with bodily injury if the person has reasonable grounds to believe that the victim is a law enforcement officer acting in the performance of his or her official duties and the person intentionally inflicts bodily injury upon a law enforcement officer after being told by a law enforcement officer that he or she is under arrest.

(b) Penalty. A person who commits resisting arrest with bodily injury is guilty of a Felony and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly.

(c) Legality of arrest irrelevant. A person is guilty of resisting arrest with bodily injury regardless of whether the arrest is lawful.

(d) Affirmative defense. It is a defense to a prosecution under this Section to resist force that is clearly excessive.

- ~~— (b) creates a substantial risk of bodily harm to the officer or any other person, or employs means justifying substantial force to overcome the resistance; is guilty of resisting arrest. The Court in its discretion may require a person convicted of resisting arrest to make restitution to the police officer for property of the officer that was damaged as the result of the person's resistance.~~
- ~~— A person is guilty of an offense under this Section regardless of whether the arrest resisted is lawful or unlawful but force that is clearly excessive may be~~

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~~resisted.~~

~~—Resisting Arrest is a Class A Misdemeanor.~~

Sec. ~~413~~520. Escape.

~~(a) Prohibited acts.~~ A person who unlawfully removes himself or herself from official detention or fails to return to official detention following temporary leave granted for a specific purpose or limited period ~~is guilty of~~ commits escape.

"Official detention" does not include supervision of probation or parole or constraint incidental to release on bail.

~~(b) Penalty.~~ A person who commits escape is guilty of a Felony and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly.

~~Escape is a Felony.~~

Subchapter ~~ED~~. Disorderly Conduct and Related Offenses

Sec. ~~414~~521. Disorderly Conduct.

~~(a) Prohibited acts.~~ A person who, with intent to harass, alarm or annoy another person, or in reckless ~~d~~isregard of the fact that another person is harassed, annoyed or alarmed by his or her behavior, ~~does any of the following acts commits disorderly conduct:~~

- ~~(1) (a)~~ engages in fighting, or in violent, tumultuous, or threatening behavior;
- ~~(2) (b)~~ makes loud or disturbing noise after 10:00 p.m. unless in connection with a function previously authorized by the Chitimacha Tribal Council;
- ~~(3) (c)~~ in a public place, uses abusive or obscene language, or makes an obscene gesture;
- ~~(4) (d)~~ obstructs vehicular or pedestrian traffic, or the use of a public facility;
- ~~(5) (e)~~ persistently follows another person in or about a public place or places;
- ~~(6) (f)~~ solicits sexual activity, as defined in Section ~~208-306~~, while loitering in a public place; ~~or~~
- ~~(7) (g)~~ creates a hazardous, physically offensive, or seriously alarming condition by an act which serves no legitimate purpose;

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- (8) appears in an intoxicated condition; or
- (9) interrupts any lawful assembly of people.

is guilty of disorderly conduct.

(b) Penalty. A person who commits disorderly conduct is guilty of a Class A Misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly.

Disorderly Conduct is a Class A Misdemeanor.

(Revised by Ordinance #01-15; Adopted: February 5, 2015; Effective: February 5, 2015)

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Sec. 414-521-A Possession and/or Consumption of Alcohol in Designated Park/Recreational Areas Prohibited.

(a) Prohibited acts. A person who possesses and/or consumes alcohol within any designated park/recreational area on the Chitimacha Reservation commits possession and/or consumption of alcohol in a designated park/recreational area shall be prohibited unless;

- (1) specific authorization for same has been obtained in accordance with Title XIV of this Code; or
- (2) in conjunction with an authorized tribal or community activity.

(b) Penalty. Any person violating a provision of this section shall be issued a citation for a "Civil Infraction", for which the procedures contained within Title VII, Chapter 2, shall apply. An Indian who receives a second or subsequent conviction for possession and/or consumption of alcohol in a designated part/recreational area is guilty of a Class B Misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly.

Any subsequent offense, if committed by an Indian, shall be deemed a Class B Misdemeanor.

(Added by Ordinance #3-99; Adopted: October 21, 1999; Effective: October 21, 1999; Revised by Ordinance #01-15; Adopted: February 5, 2015; Effective: February 5, 2015)

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Sec. 415522. Mistreatment of Animals.

(a) Prohibited acts. A person commits mistreatment of animals by:

- (1) Cruelty to Animals. Any person who intentionally, recklessly or negligently,

unnecessarily or cruelly beatings, mutilatinges, killings, torturinges or abusinges any animal, or causinges same to be cruelly beaten, mutilated, killed, tortured or abused; ~~or is guilty of Cruelty to Animals.~~

~~(2) **Failure to Care For an Animal or Animals.** Any person owning, keeping or having responsibility for an animal or animals who failings to adequately house, feed, water or maintain and care for ~~said any animal or~~ animals that the person owns, keeps, or is responsible for. ~~as defined in the Code, shall be guilty of Failure to Care For.~~~~

(b) Penalty.

~~(1) Subjection to Subsection(b)(2), a person who commits mistreatment of animals is guilty of a Class A Misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly.~~

~~(2) A person who commits mistreatment of animals such that the conduct that forms the basis of their conviction results in the death of the animal and/or animals is guilty of a Felony and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly.~~

~~**Cruelty to Animals and Failure To Care For are Class B Misdemeanors however, if said mistreatment results in the death of the animal and/or animals, the offense shall be deemed as a Class A Misdemeanor.**~~

(Revised by Ordinance #13-93; Adopted: October 1, 1993; Effective: October 1, 1993)

Subchapter ~~FE~~. Gambling

Sec. ~~416523~~. Illegal Gambling.

~~(a) **Title XII Prohibitions and Penalties.** The criminal offenses provided for in Title XII of this Code, including under Title XII, Chapter 4, Section 414, are now incorporated herein and shall be applied to determine whether a person has committed a criminal offense. A person who commits a criminal offense under Title XII is guilty of the corresponding penalty prescribed by Title XII and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly.~~

~~(b) **Other Prohibited acts.** In addition to the offenses provided for under Subsection (a), ~~a~~A person who does any of the following acts commits illegal gambling;~~

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- (1) —conducts a wagering pool or lottery for his or her own profit;
- (2) —receives wagers for or on behalf of another person for his or her own profit;
- (3) —alone or with others, owns, controls, manages, or finances a gambling business;
- (4) —knowingly leases or otherwise permits a place to be regularly used to carry on a gambling business; ~~or~~
- (5) —maintains a coin-operated gaming device for his or her own profit; ~~is guilty of gambling.~~
- (6) is under the age of twenty one and:

- (i) plays casino games, gaming devices, or slot machines; or
- (ii) enters any other designated gaming area licensed or operated under the laws of the Chitimacha Tribe of Louisiana or the laws of the State of Louisiana;

(b) **Penalty.** A person who commits illegal gambling is guilty of a Class A

Misdemeanor and, upon conviction, may be sentenced accordingly. ~~—Gambling is a Class A Misdemeanor.~~

(c) **Exclusions.** ~~Illegal g~~Gambling does not include:

- (1) —lawful contests of speed, strength, or endurance in which awards are made only to entrants or to the owners of entrants;
- (2) —lawful business transactions; or
- (3) —activities authorized by Title XII of this Code.

(Revised by Ordinance #2-96; Adopted: August 15, 1996; Effective: August 15, 1996)

Subchapter GF. Exploitation of Children

Sec. 417524. Contributing to the Delinquency of a Minor.

A person, including a parent or other person with lawful custody of a minor, who intentionally, negligently, or recklessly causes, encourages, contributes to or aids a minor in committing a delinquent act or status offense, ~~is guilty of contributing to the delinquency of a minor~~ is guilty of a Class A Misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly.

Contributing to the Delinquency of a Minor is a Class A Misdemeanor.

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Sec. 418525. Failure to Support a Dependent Person.

A person who knowingly fails to provide support he or she is legally obligated to provide to his or her child born in or out of wedlock or to another dependent is guilty of ~~failure to support a dependent person.~~

~~Failure to Support a Dependent Person is a Class B Misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly. A person who receives a second or subsequent conviction for violating this Section is guilty of a Class A Misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly. for the first offense and a Class A Misdemeanor for each subsequent offense.~~

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Sec. 419526. Failure to Send a Child to School.

~~(a) Child defined. For the purpose of this Section, a child is a person under the age of sixteen (16) years of age.~~

~~(b) Prohibited acts. A person who, without justification or excuse, fails to send a child under his or her care to school is guilty of commits failure to send a child to school. For the purposes of this Section, a child is a person under the age of sixteen (16) years of age.~~

~~(c) Penalty. A person who commits failure to send a child to school is guilty of a Class B Misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly. A person who receives a second or subsequent conviction for failure to send a child school is guilty of a Class A Misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly. Failure to Send a Child to School is a Class B Misdemeanor for the first offense and a Class A Misdemeanor for each subsequent offense.~~

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Sec. 420527. Unlawful Possession of Intoxicating Beverages by Minors.

A person under the age at which persons are permitted by the law of Louisiana to possess intoxicating beverages who purchases or has in his or her possession any intoxicating beverage is guilty of ~~unlawful possession of intoxicating beverages by minors.~~

~~Unlawful Possession of Intoxicating Beverages by Minors is a Class B Misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly.~~ In addition to the penalty prescribed for such an

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offense, all alcoholic beverages possessed in violation of this Section will be forfeited to the Chitimacha Tribe of Louisiana, and disposed of in accordance with the order of the Court.
(Revised by Ordinance #01-15; Adopted: February 5, 2015; Effective: February 5, 2015)

Sec. 528. Unlawful Sale of Intoxicating Beverages to Minors.

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A person who knowingly sells or barter to any person who is under the age at which persons are permitted by the law of Louisiana to possess intoxicating beverages any intoxicating liquors or alcoholic beverages is guilty of a Class B Misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly.

Sec. 529. Unlawful Sale of Tobacco to Minors.

A person who knowingly sells or barter to any person who is under the age at which persons are permitted by the law of Louisiana to possess tobacco products any tobacco products, including dip, chew, cigarettes, tobacco oil, tobacco vapor, e- cigarettes, or any similar product, is guilty of a Class B Misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly.

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Sec. 530. Unlawful Possession or Consumption of Alcohol on School Property.

(a) Definitions. For the purposes of this Section, "school property" means all property or buildings used for elementary and secondary school purposes, including but not limited to school playgrounds.

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(b) Prohibited acts. A person who intentionally possesses or consumes an alcoholic beverage on school property commits unlawful possession or consumption of alcohol on school property.

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(c) Penalty. A person who commits unlawful possession or consumption of alcohol on school property is guilty of a Class B Misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly.

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Sec. ~~531424~~. Child Abuse.

Any person who ~~shall~~ abuses a child as defined in Title V, Section 102(~~fb~~) of this Code is

guilty of ~~child abuse.~~

~~Child Abuse is a Class A Misdemeanor/Felony, with the exception of except where the abuse involved any form of sexual activity or contact, as defined in Section 306, in "Sexual Abuse" which case the offender shall be is guilty of an Enhanced Felony and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly.~~

(Added by Ordinance #2-96; Adopted: August 15, 1996; Effective: August 15, 1996)

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Sec. 532422. Abandonment of a Child.

Any person having the responsibility for the care and welfare of a child under eighteen (18) years of age who abandons that child as defined in Title V, Section 102(ae) of this Code is guilty of ~~abandonment of a child.~~

~~Abandonment of a Child is a Class B Misdemeanor for the first offense and a Class A Misdemeanor a Felony and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly. for all subsequent offenses.~~

(Added by Ordinance #2-96; Adopted: August 15, 1996; Effective: August 15, 1996)

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Sec. 423533. Neglect of a Child.

Any person having the responsibility for the care and welfare of a child under eighteen (18) years of age who neglects that child as defined in Title V, Section 102(hd) of this Code ~~shall be is~~ guilty ~~of neglect of a child.~~

~~Neglect of a Child is a Class AB Misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly. A person who receives a second or subsequent conviction for violation this Section is guilty of a Felony and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly. for the first offense and a Class A Misdemeanor for all subsequent offenses.~~

(Added by Ordinance #2-96; Adopted: August 15, 1996; Effective: August 15, 1996)

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Sec. 534. Cruelty to Juveniles.

~~Any person, irrespective of that person's relationship with the juvenile, who commits an offense in violation of Sections 531 to 533 that causes serious bodily harm or serious neurological~~

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impairment to the victim shall be guilty of a Felony and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly.

Sec. 535. Juvenile Sexting.

(a) Definitions. For the purposes of this Section, the following definitions shall apply:

(1) "Indecent visual depiction" means any photograph, videotape, film, or other reproduction of a person under the age of seventeen (17) years engaging in sexually explicit conduct, and includes data stored on any computer, telecommunication device, or other electronic storage media which is capable of conversion into a visual image.

(2) "Sexually explicit conduct" means masturbation or lewd exhibition of the genitals, pubic hair, anus, vulva, or female breast nipples of a person under the age of seventeen (17) years.

(3) "Telecommunication device" means an analog or digital electronic device which processes data, telephonic, video, or sound transmission as part of any system involved in the sending or receiving of voice, sound, data, or video transmissions.

(4) "Transmit" means to give, distribute, transfer, transmute, circulate, or disseminate by use of a computer or telecommunication device.

(b) Prohibited acts. It shall be unlawful for a person under the age of seventeen (17) to:

(1) Knowingly use a computer or telecommunications device to transmit an indecent visual depiction of himself or herself to another person;

(2) Knowingly possess or transmit an indecent visual depiction that was transmitted by another under the age of seventeen (17) years in violation of paragraph (1) of this Section.

(c) Penalty. A person who commits juvenile sexting is guilty of a Class B penalty and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly. A person who receives a second or subsequent conviction for the act of juvenile sexting is guilty of a Class A Misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly.

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Subchapter G. Curfew Violations

(Added by Ordinance #2-96; Adopted: August 15, 1996; Effective: August 15, 1996)

Sec. 424536. Failure to Enforce Curfew.

Any parent, guardian or other person having custody of a child who permits such child to violate any of the provisions of the curfew established by Title V, Section 701 of this Code ~~shall be~~ guilty of ~~failure to enforce curfew.~~

~~Failure to Enforce Curfew shall be~~ a Class B Misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly. A person who receives a second or subsequent conviction for violating this Section is guilty of a ~~for the first offense, and~~ Class A Misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly.~~for each subsequent offense.~~

(Added by Ordinance #2-96; Adopted: August 15, 1996; Effective: August 15, 1996)

Sec. 537-425. Nonresidents Curfew.

(a) Prohibited acts. Any nonresident of the Chitimacha Reservation who ~~shall~~ walks, runs, rides a bicycle, or loiters upon any street, highway, road, alley, or vacant premises on the Chitimacha Reservation between the hours of 10:15 p.m. and 5:00 a.m. of the following day ~~is guilty of~~ commits a curfew violation.

(b) Penalty. Any person violating a provision of this section shall be issued a citation for a "Civil Infraction", for which the procedures contained within Title VII, Chapter 2, shall apply. An Indian who receives a second or subsequent conviction for committing a curfew violation is guilty of a Class B Misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly. ~~Any subsequent offense, if committed by an Indian, shall be deemed a Class B Misdemeanor.~~

(Added by Ordinance #2-96; Adopted: August 15, 1996; Effective: August 15, 1996; Revised by Ordinance #3-99; Adopted: October 21, 1999; Effective: October 21, 1999; Revised by Ordinance #01-15; Adopted: February 5, 2015; Effective: February 5, 2015)

Subchapter I. Driving while under the influence.

Sec. 538. Driving While Under the Influence of Intoxicating Liquors or Drugs.

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Title VII, Chapter 6, Section 642 to 651 is incorporated herein and shall be applied to determine whether a person commits the offenses and must be sentenced to each offense's correlating penalties prescribed therein.

CHAPTER 6. DOMESTIC VIOLENCE

Subchapter A. General Provisions.

Sec. 601. Purpose.

The purpose of this Chapter is to recognize domestic violence as severe crimes against society, the Tribe, and the family, and to assure the victim of domestic violence the maximum protections from further abuse that the law, and those who enforce it, can provide. It is the intent of the Chitimacha Tribal Council that the official response to domestic violence is to enforce the law to protect the victim and to hold the offender accountable, which communicates the Tribe's policy that violent behavior against intimate partners is not excused or tolerated. Rather, the Chitimacha Tribal Council values and seeks to nurture nonviolence and respect within families. This Chapter shall be interpreted and applied to give it the broadest possible scope to give effect to its purpose.

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Sec. 602. General Jurisdiction.

The Tribe's jurisdiction shall be exercised pursuant to Title I, Chapter 1, Section 106 of the Code, which includes full civil regulatory and adjudicatory jurisdiction, as recognized and affirmed in 18 U.S.C. § 2265 and 25 U.S.C. § 1304, to issue and enforce civil protection orders involving any person, including the violation of such orders alleged to have occurred outside the boundaries of the Reservation where such orders are entitled to recognition outside the Reservation as a matter of full faith and credit.

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Sec. 603. Special Domestic Violence Jurisdiction

(a) **Special Domestic Violence Jurisdiction.** The Tribe now exercises its inherent power, as recognized and affirmed in 25 U.S.C. § 1304, to exercise "special domestic violence

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criminal jurisdiction” over non-Indians.

(b) **Defendants.** The Tribe may exercise special domestic violence criminal jurisdiction over a non-Indian defendant that meets any of the following criteria:

- (1) Has sufficient ties to the Tribe; or
- (2) is a spouse or intimate partner of the victim and the victim is:
 - (i) a member of the Tribe; or
 - (ii) a non-member Indian who resides within the Tribe’s Reservation; and
- (3) Any person who violates a no contact order or domestic violence protection order within the Tribe’s Reservation.

Sec. 604. Criminal Conduct Applicable.

The Tribe shall exercise its jurisdiction under this Chapter for criminal conduct that falls into one or more of the following categories:

(a) **Domestic Violence.** An act of domestic violence that occurs within the Tribe’s Reservation.

(b) **Violation of a No Contact Order or Domestic Violence Protection Order.** An act that:

- (1) occurs within the Tribe’s Reservation; and
- (2) violates the portion of a no contact order or domestic violence protection order that:
 - (i) prohibits or provides protection against violent or threatening acts of harassment against, sexual violence against, contact or communication with, or physical proximity to the person protected by the order;
 - (ii) was issued against the defendant; and
 - (iii) is consistent with 18 U.S.C. § 2265(b).

Sec. 605. Rights and Procedural Requirements.

(a) Defendants prosecuted under this Chapter shall:

- (1) be afforded the rights provided under the Code;
- (2) have the privilege of the writ of habeas corpus, including pursuant to 25 U.S.C.

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§§ 1303 and 1304(e), to test the legality of his or her detention by order of the Tribal Court and may petition the Tribal Court to stay further detention pending the habeas proceeding;

(3) at the arraignment, be advised of the rights enumerated herein.

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(b) Defendants subject to the Tribe's jurisdiction pursuant to Section 603(b) and accused of committing an act of domestic violence, violation of a no contact order, and/or violation of a domestic violence protection order shall:

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(1) be entitled to a jury trial drawn from sources that reflect a fair cross section of the community and do not systematically exclude any distinctive group in the community, as provided for by Title II, Chapter 5, Sections 508 to 510 of the Code; and

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(2) be entitled to each of the protections enumerated in Title III, Chapter 8, Section 803 of the Code if a term of imprisonment of any length may be imposed.

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Sec. 606. Severability.

If any part, or parts, or the application of any part of this Chapter is held invalid, such holding shall not affect the validity of the remaining parts of this Chapter.

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Sec. 607. Nonwaiver of sovereign immunity.

Nothing in this Chapter shall be deemed to constitute a waiver of the Tribe's inherent sovereign authority and correlating immunity from suit.

Sec. 608. Savings.

This Chapter takes effect on the date approved by the Chitimacha Tribal Council and does not extinguish or modify any civil or criminal liability or enforcement of such penalty or forfeiture that existed on or prior to the effective date of this chapter and such law shall be treated as still remaining in force for the purpose of sustaining any proper action or prosecution for the enforcement of such civil or criminal action, enforcement of any penalty therefrom, forfeiture, or liability.

Sec. 609. Definitions.

For the purposes of this Chapter, the following definitions shall apply:

(a) **“Bodily injury”** means any act, except one done in self-defense, that results in physical injury or sexual abuse.

(b) **“Emergency”** means a condition or circumstance in which any individual is, or reasonably believes themselves to be, in imminent danger of domestic violence or in which property is or is reasonably believed by the individual to be, in imminent danger of damage or destruction.

(c) **“Domestic Violence”** means the commission of any one of the following crimes against a spouse, intimate partner, family member, or a member of the household:

(1) The act of inflicting bodily injury through the commission or attempted commission of Sections 305 (Kidnapping), 307 (Rape), 308 (Sexual Assault), 319 (Simple Assault), 320 (Aggravated Assault – Severe Bodily Harm), 321 (Aggravated Assault – Dangerous Weapon), 323 (Aggravated Assault – Great Bodily Harm), 324 (Harassment), 401 (Arson), or 405 (Robbery) of Title III of the Code, or any other crime of violence as defined by 18 U.S.C. § 16.;

(2) Physically harming, attempting to physically harm, or placing a spouse, intimate partner, family member, or a member of the household in reasonable fear of physical harm to himself or herself. Reasonable fear may be produced by behavior which induces fear in the victim, including harassment, stalking, destruction of property, controlling the victim’s conduct by threat of force, or physical harm or threat of harm to members of the victim’s family or household pets; and/or

(3) Preventing a victim from accessing victim or social services.

(d) **“Domestic Violence Protective order”** means a temporary or permanent court order related to domestic violence, harassment, and/or sexual abuse, issued for the purpose of preventing violent or threatening acts or harassment against, or contact or communication with, or physical proximity to another person. Protective order includes any temporary or final order issued in the

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civil or criminal context, whether obtained by filing an independent action or as an order awaiting further litigation in another proceeding, provided the order was issued in response to a complaint, petition, or motion filed by or on behalf of a person seeking protection.

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(e) “Domestic Violence Services” means the Tribe’s Human Services Department or any other entity that either:

(1) provides housing, counseling, advocacy, or other similar services to a victim and ~~the~~his or her dependents; or

(2) refers a victim to other sources that provides housing, counseling, advocacy, or other similar services to victims of domestic violence and ~~the~~his or her dependents.

(f) “Indian” shall mean the definition given in 25 U.S.C. § 1301(4).

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(g) “Indian Country” shall mean the definition given in 18 U.S.C. § 1151.

(h) “Law enforcement officer” means any person employed or commissioned as a police officer or law enforcement officer by a government entity or law enforcement agency with the authority to make arrests on the Reservation.

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(i) “No Contact Order” means an order made in conjunction with, or included within, bond or bail conditions for an individual charged with an offense under this Chapter that either prohibits or restricts such an individual’s contact with the protected party named in the order.

(j) “Probable cause” for arrest means that the law enforcement officer, acting as a person of reasonable caution, has reasonable grounds to believe that the person to be arrested has committed a crime as defined by this Chapter, based on all the facts known to the officer, including the officer’s personal observations, statements made by parties involved in the incident, statements made by witnesses, if any, and any other reliable information.

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(k) “Reservation” means the Indian Country of the Chitimacha Tribe of Louisiana.

(l) “Spouse” or “Intimate partner” means a current or former spouse; persons who are or have been in a marital-like relationship; persons who have a child in common, regardless of whether they have been married or have lived together at any time, including where the victim or defendant is pregnant by the other; a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a dating, romantic, or intimate nature, as determined by the length of the relationship, the type of

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relationship, and the frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship; a person similarly situated to a spouse under the Tribe's laws; and, for the purposes of the issuance of a domestic violence protection order, any other person with a sufficient relationship to the person committing domestic violence as determined by the court under Section 630. A person's sex, gender, or sexual orientation shall not be relied upon to determine whether a person is a spouse or intimate partner.

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(m) "Sufficient ties to the Tribe" means a defendant who:

- (1) Lives within the Tribe's Reservation;
- (2) Is employed by the Tribe; or
- (3) Is a spouse or intimate partner of either:
 - (i) A member of the Tribe; or
 - (ii) A non-member Indian who resides within the exterior boundaries of the

Reservation.

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Subchapter B. Criminal Actions and Penalties.

Sec. 610. Domestic Violence.

(a) Prohibited acts. A person who does any act of domestic violence commits the crime of domestic violence.

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(b) Penalty.

- (1) A person who commits domestic violence as defined by Subsections 609 (c)(1) is guilty of an Enhanced Felony and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly without the benefit of parole, probation, or suspended sentences.
- (2) A person who commits domestic violence as defined by Subsections 609 (c)(2) or (c)(3) is guilty of a Class A Misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly.
- (3) A person who receives a second conviction for committing domestic violence as defined by Subsections 609 (c)(2) or (c)(3) is guilty of a Felony and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly.
- (4) A person who receives a third or subsequent conviction for committing

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domestic violence as Subsections 609– (c)(2) or (c)(3) is guilty of an Enhanced Felony and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly without the benefit of parole, probation, or suspended sentences.

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(5) Additional penalties. The Court may require a person convicted of domestic violence, regardless of how many prior convictions the person has under this Chapter, to pay for and complete a counseling assessment with a focus on violence, controlling behavior, chemical dependency, and any other subject the Court deems appropriate.

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Sec. 611. Violation of No Contact Order.

(a) Prohibited acts. A person who knowingly violates a no contact order commits violation of a no contact order.

(b) Penalty.

(1) First offense. A person who commits violation of a no contact order is guilty of a Class A Misdemeanor and, upon a first conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly.

(2) Second or subsequent offense. A person who receives a second or subsequent conviction for committing violation of a no contact order is guilty of a Felony and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly.

(c) Consent is not a defense. A victim's consent is not a defense to prosecution under this Section.

Sec. 612. Violation of a Domestic Violence Protection Order.

(a) Prohibited acts. A person who knowingly violates any domestic violence protection order commits violation of a domestic violence protection order.

(b) Penalty.

(1) First offense. A person who commits violation of a domestic violence protection order is guilty of a Class A Misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly.

(2) Second or subsequent offense. A person who receives a second or subsequent conviction for committing violation of a domestic violence protection order is guilty of a Felony and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly.

(c) Consent is not a defense. The victim's consent is not a defense to prosecution under this Section.

Subchapter C. Powers and Duties of Law Enforcement.

Sec. 613. Duties to Victims.

A law enforcement officer who responds to an allegation of domestic violence shall use all reasonable means to protect the victim and any family or household member, and prevent further violence, including, but not limited to:

(a) Taking necessary actions to provide for the safety of the victim and any family members or witnesses, including arresting the alleged offender or dominant aggressor;

(b) Transporting or obtaining transportation for the victim and any child to a place of safety;

(c) Assisting the victim in removing essential personal effects, at the victim's request;

(d) Assisting the victim and any child in obtaining medical treatment, including obtaining transportation to a medical facility;

(e) When a law enforcement officer responds to a domestic violence call, the officer shall advise victims of all reasonable means to prevent further abuse, including advising each person of the services provided by Domestic Violence Services and/or any other entity that provides services to victims of domestic violence, and give each person immediate notice of the legal rights and remedies available.

(f) Confiscating any weapon as provided within this Chapter; and/or

(g) Providing assistance in obtaining a temporary protection order or emergency no contact order.

Sec. 614. Protecting Evidence.

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(a) All law enforcement officers who investigate an allegation of domestic violence, whether or not an arrest is made, shall make a detailed written report of the alleged abuse and submit it to the prosecutor as soon as practicably possible.

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(b) All law enforcement officers who respond to an allegation of a crime involving domestic violence shall take reasonable steps to collect and record sufficient evidence to enable the prosecutor to secure a conviction of the offender without the testimony of any victim.

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Reasonable steps include:

(1) Photographing injuries to any victim, any damage to property, the location, and surroundings of the alleged incident;

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(2) Describing both the physical and emotional condition of the victim in detail;

(3) Noting the identity of the witnesses to the incident and determining what they observed;

(4) Identifying all persons present at the location at the time of the incident, including children, whether or not they witnessed the incident;

(5) Recording any oral comments;

(6) Gather a history of the relationship between the offender and a victim and the duration of that relationship;

(7) Describing the scene of the alleged crime on first contact and other physical evidence; and

(8) Gathering statements and interviewing responding medical personnel or following up with medical personnel if the victim is transported to a facility for medical treatment.

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(c) A law enforcement officer who responds to an allegation of domestic violence shall:

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(1) encourage any victim to make an oral and written statement concerning the incident; and

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(2) ensure that the victim is made aware of the importance of preserving evidence of the incident.

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Sec. 615. Mandatory Arrest.

(a) A law enforcement officer shall, without unnecessary delay, arrest and charge a person with the appropriate crime if the officer has probable cause to believe that the person has committed or is committing the offense of domestic violence, even if a warrant has not been issued and the offense was committed outside the presence of the officer.

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(b) The law enforcement officer shall make an arrest upon probable cause regardless of the express wishes of the victim, but those wishes should be noted in the officer's report.

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(c) If a law enforcement officer receives a complaint alleging a crime involving domestic violence from two or more persons, the officer shall evaluate each person's account separately to determine who was more likely to have been the predominant physical aggressor. In determining whether a person is the predominant physical aggressor, the officer shall not rely on who hit who first, nor shall the officer rely on the relative intoxication of either person, but shall consider all relevant factors underlying the incident, including:

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(1) Prior complaints of domestic violence;

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(2) The relative severity of the injuries inflicted on each person, or serious threats creating reasonable fear of bodily injury;

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(3) The likelihood of future injury to each person;

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(4) Witness accounts, if any; and

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(5) Whether one of the persons acted in self-defense.

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(d) If the law enforcement officer determines that one person was the predominant aggressor, the officer need not arrest the other person alleged to have committed an offense.

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(e) A law enforcement officer who does not make an arrest, or who arrests two or more persons after investigating an alleged crime involving domestic violence, must include in the police report a detailed explanation of why the officer did not make an arrest or arrested two or more parties.

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(f) Persons arrested shall be held in custody pending arraignment.

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(g) A law enforcement officer shall not threaten, suggest, or otherwise indicate the possible arrest of all parties to discourage requests for intervention by law enforcement by any party.

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(h) A law enforcement officer shall not consider the use or abuse of alcohol or controlled

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substance by either party in making a determination as to whether the crime of domestic violence has been committed.

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Sec. 616. Emergency Criminal No Contact Order.

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(a) A law enforcement officer shall have the authority to request from the Tribal Court an emergency criminal no contact order prohibiting contact with the victim, including third party contact, on a form approved by the Tribal Court, if the officer has probable cause to believe that an emergency exists with respect to a crime involving domestic violence that has occurred or is imminent. The law enforcement officer and the Tribal Court shall use one of the following methods:

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(1) During a judicial day, the officer shall:

(i) at the time of booking, call from the jail the Tribal Court judge or a judicial officer designated by the Tribal Court judge to receive such reports and provide the judge with enough information for a finding of probable cause. If a finding of probable cause is made, the officer shall then sign the order on the judge's behalf and serve it on the defendant; or

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(ii) once the arrest has been made, call from the scene the Tribal Court or a judicial officer designated by the Tribal Court judge to receive such reports and follow the same procedures prescribed in Subsection (a)(1)(i), providing the victim with a copy of the order at the scene if possible.

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(2) During nights and weekends, the officer shall:

(i) Call from jail at the time of booking a judicial officer designated by the Tribal Court judge to receive such reports and provide the Judicial Officer with enough information for a finding of probable cause. If a finding of probable cause is made, the officer shall then sign the order on the Tribal Court judge's behalf and serve it on the defendant;

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(ii) Call from the scene once the arrest is made a judicial officer designated

by the Tribal Court to receive such reports and follow the same procedures prescribed in Subsection (a)(2)(i); or

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(iii) If there is no designated Judicial Officer available, from the jail at the time of booking commit to writing and transmit to the Tribal Court, electronically or otherwise, enough information for a finding of probable cause. The writing must be time-stamped. **If a finding of probable cause is made,** the officer shall then sign the order on the judge's behalf, time-stamp the order, and serve it on the defendant.

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(b) An emergency criminal no contact order shall be effective until the defendant's arraignment or as vacated or amended by a Tribal Court order.

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(c) Upon issuance of such an order, the officer shall serve a copy on the offender and file the order with the Tribal Court by noon on the next judicial day. The officer shall also provide a copy of the order to the victim.

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Sec. 617. Mandatory Arrest for Violations of Domestic Violence Protection Orders or No Contact Orders.

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If a law enforcement officer has probable cause to believe that a person has violated a valid domestic violence protection order or no contact order, whether deemed civil or criminal, or whether issued by the Tribal Court or another jurisdiction, the officer shall, without a warrant, arrest the alleged violator. The alleged violator shall be held without bail pending arraignment, at which time bail and conditions of release shall be established.

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Sec. 618. Authority to Seize and Hold Weapons.

Incident to arrest for a crime involving domestic violence, a law enforcement officer shall seize all weapons that are alleged to have been involved or were threatened to be used in the commission of the crime, weapons that are in plain view of the officer, or weapons that are discovered pursuant to a consensual search, an officer safety pat-down, or a search incident to arrest as necessary for the protection of the officer or other persons. Weapons seized under this Section shall be held until judgment in the case is entered, at which time the weapon shall be

disposed of as ordered by the Tribal Court.

Sec. 619. Violations of Conditions of Release.

If a law enforcement officer has probable cause to believe that a person has violated a condition of release from arrest or judgment in a domestic violence case, the officer shall, without a warrant, arrest the alleged perpetrator. The alleged violator shall be held without bail pending arraignment, at which time bail and conditions of release shall be established.

Sec. 620. Duty to Expedite Service of Protection Orders.

The Tribe's law enforcement agency shall serve orders of protection on an expedited basis, attempt to complete service within forty eight (48) hours, and provide a declaration of such service to the Tribal Court by the next judicial day after which the order of protection is served.

Sec. 621. Law Enforcement Records on Domestic Violence.

(a) The Tribe's law enforcement agency shall maintain written records of arrests, incident reports, and initial contacts related to domestic violence in such a manner as to allow efficient tracking and identification of the records. However, the Tribe's law enforcement agency is not required to provide records of police contacts alleging incidents of domestic violence or related offenses to an alleged perpetrator. Such records may be obtained by Tribal Court order after notice to the prosecutor and a hearing. In ordering disclosure, the Tribal Court may order that the victim's identity and location be redacted, and make other orders as necessary to protect the confidentiality and/or identity of a victim, victim's dependents, victim's immediate family, and/or any information regarding a witness.

(b) In addition, the Tribe's law enforcement shall enter and maintain the records required by La. RS 15:1229.1, such that victims and their family may initiate and receive the latest status report on an offender's case through the Louisiana Automated Victim Notification System, provided that the Louisiana Automated Victim Notification System, as established by La. RS 15:1229, or a functional equivalent, is operating. If the Louisiana Automated Victim Notification System is not operating, the Tribe's law enforcement shall maintain the records necessary to

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ensure the victim's rights provided under Section 629.

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Sec. 622. Liability of Law Enforcement Officers.

A law enforcement officer or his or her legal adviser shall not be held liable in any civil action for an arrest based on probable cause, enforcement in good faith of any Tribal Court order, or any other action or omission made in good faith under this chapter arising from an incident of alleged domestic violence or violations of one of the named criminal or civil protection orders identified within this Chapter.

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Subchapter D. Tribal Court Procedures, Powers, and Duties.

Sec. 623. Determination of Jurisdiction.

(a) In addition to the procedures set forth in Title II of the Code, at the arraignment for a defendant arrested for a crime established under this Chapter, the judge shall make findings of fact and law that clearly state whether the Tribal Court has jurisdiction over the defendant. In doing so, the Tribal Court shall ascertain whether:

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(1) The defendant resides on the Tribe's Reservation;

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(2) The defendant is employed within the Tribe's Reservation;

(3) The defendant is a spouse or intimate partner of an enrolled member of the Tribe;

(4) The defendant is a non-member Indian who resides within the Reservation; and

(5) The victim is a member of the Tribe or a non-member Indian who resides within the Reservation.

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(b) In order to make the determination required under Subsection (a), the judge may receive any evidence relevant to the issue of whether the Tribal Court has jurisdiction over the defendant from any reliable sources as may be available.

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(c) If the judge's findings establish the Tribal Court's jurisdiction, the determination shall identify whether the Tribal Court is exercising its general jurisdiction or special domestic violence pursuant to Section 603. The Tribal Court shall then proceed with remainder of the procedures provided for by the Code, included those required under Section 605.

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(d) If the judge determines that the Tribal Court does not have jurisdiction, the judge shall notify the law enforcement agency holding the defendant in custody, dismiss the Tribe's charges, and release the defendant to the appropriate jurisdiction.

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(e) If the defendant exercises his or her right to remain silent, the judge may detain the defendant to determine jurisdiction without prejudice to the defendant's right to challenge jurisdiction at a later date. If the defendant is too intoxicated or impaired for the judge to conduct the inquiry under Subsection (a), the judge may order that the defendant appear before the Tribal Court on the following business day for the conclusion of the proceeding. Nothing herein shall prevent the judge from using evidence relevant to the inquiries regarding jurisdiction from any other reliable sources as may be available and making a determination based solely on those alternative sources.

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Sec. 624. Pre-trial and Release Conditions.

(a) 72 hour mandatory hold. No person charged with a crime of domestic violence or violation of a domestic violence protection order shall be released from detention until after the expiration of 72 hours from arrest, notwithstanding the ability to post a cash or surety bond.

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(b) Arraignment. Any person charged with a crime of domestic violence shall be arraigned within 72 hours of their arrest, at which time the Tribal Court shall establish bail and conditions of release.

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(c) Release conditions. The Tribal Court shall consider the following factors when setting bail:

(1) Whether the person has been charged with a crime of violence and the person has been recently convicted of another crime of violence, or the person has committed this offense while on probation or other release for another crime of violence;

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(2) Whether the person has been charged with obstructing justice by having threatened, injured, or intimidated a judge, witness, or juror, or has attempted such threat, injury or intimidation;

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(3) Whether there is a strong likelihood of flight to escape trial. This requires a documented history of such flight, or evidence or circumstances indicating that

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such flight is potential; and/or

(4) Whether the person represents a danger to the community. This requires a pattern of behavior evidenced by past and present conduct and no conditions for release are available which would reasonably assure the safety of the community.

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(d) Notice when conditions of released are imposed. If conditions of release are imposed, the Tribal Court shall:

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(1) Issue a written order for conditional release;

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(2) Immediately distribute a copy of the order to the prosecutor's office and, the appropriate law enforcement agency, and the defendant; and

(3) Provide the law enforcement agency with any available information about the location of the offender as is required to protect the safety of the victim.

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(e) Bail modification. Nothing in this Section precludes a defendant from moving the Tribal Court to modify bail and/or conditions of release.

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(f) No Contact Order. When any person is arrested for or charged with a crime of domestic violence, the Tribal Court may issue a no contact order prohibiting the defendant from having any contact with the victim or the victim's dependents or immediate family members. Such an order shall be entered at the first opportunity with no additional hearing required, subject to the following requirements:

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(1) The protected party that is the subject of a no contact order shall be provided with a certified copy of the order.

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(2) In issuing a no contact order, the Tribal Court shall consider whether the defendant should forfeit his or her firearms.

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(3) The Tribal Court shall not vacate a no contact order issued under this Section without notice to the prosecutor, the victim, and a hearing requested by either the prosecutor or the victim.

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Sec. 625. Mediation and Alternative Justice Prohibited.

The Tribal Court shall not order parties into mediation or any type of alternative justice or dispute resolution process or program that would put the victim in the position of dealing directly

or negotiating with the offender to resolve any issues related to a civil or criminal case that involves an act of domestic violence, even if the victim has the right to decline to participate.

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Sec. 626. Clerk of Court Record Maintenance.

The Clerk of Court shall enter and maintain the records required by La. R.S. 15:1229.1, such that victims and their family may initiate and receive the latest status report on an offender's case through the Louisiana Automated Victim Notification System, provided that the Louisiana Automated Victim Notification System, as established by La. R.S. 15:1229, or a functional equivalent, is operating. If the Louisiana Automated Victim Notification System is not operating, the Clerk of Court shall maintain the records necessary to ensure the victim's rights provided under Section 628.

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Subchapter E. Duties of the Prosecutor.

Sec. 627. Domestic Violence Identified in Charging Document.

The Tribe's prosecutor shall denote in the charging document that the defendant is being accused of a crime of domestic violence, violation of a no contact order, and/ or violation of a domestic violence protection order.

Sec. 628. Duties of the Tribe to the Victim.

(a) The Tribe's prosecutor must adhere to the following guidelines when prosecuting cases of domestic violence, the violation of a no contact order, or the violation of a domestic violence protection order:

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- (1) The prosecutor should seek to ensure that the employment, economic, educational, physical and/or mental health and political status of the alleged offender and victim will not factor into the determinations regarding domestic violence crimes;
- (2) The prosecutor should seek to respectfully dissuade victims from withdrawing charges;
- (3) The prosecutor should seek to utilize advocates during every phase of criminal justice proceedings, provided that such advocates are available;

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(4) The prosecutor shall not dismiss a domestic violence case without prior consultation and review with the law enforcement officer involved in the case, and the extent that either is involved in the case, the advocate and/or a representative of Domestic Violence Services;

(5) The prosecutor shall enter and maintain the records required by La. R.S. 15:1229.1, such that victims and their family may initiate and receive the latest status report on an offender's case through the Louisiana Automated Victim Notification System, provided that the Louisiana Automated Victim Notification System, as established by La. R.S. 15:1229, or a functional equivalent, is operating. If the Louisiana Automated Victim Notification System is not operating, the prosecutor shall maintain the records necessary to ensure the victim's rights under Section 629.

(6) If the alleged victim has cooperated with the prosecution and provided current contact information to the prosecutor, the prosecutor shall notify the alleged victim when the prosecutor declines to prosecute a case, or when the prosecutor dismisses the criminal charges, or when the prosecutor enters into a plea agreement;

(7) The prosecutor will expedite proceedings with a minimum of continuances and shall consider the present residency of the victim as it relates to continuances, especially if the victim has relocated off the Reservation for safety; and

(8) The prosecutor shall obtain information from the victim regarding costs and losses sustained as a result of the defendant's act(s) of domestic violence and shall seek restitution for the victim.

(b) The prosecutor and/or the Domestic Violence Service shall make all reasonable efforts to notify the alleged victim of their rights provided for in Section 628.

Subchapter F. Rights of Victims.

Sec. 629. Rights of Victims.

All alleged victims shall have the following rights:

(a) The right to access a report on the status of an offender's case, including hearing dates, continuances, and updates on the pre and post-judgement status of an offender's case;

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(b) The right to provide the Tribal Court with a victim-impact statement and assessment of the likelihood of future harm;

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(c) The right to be present at sentencing and to address the Tribal Court at such time;

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(d) If the alleged offender is eligible for probation, the right to advise the Tribal Court of conditions of probation required to assure the safety of the alleged victim; and

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(e) If the domestic violence resulted in damage to or loss of property, or physical or mental injury to the victim or a member of the victim's household, the ability to ask the Tribal Court to order restitution for those losses.

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Subchapter G. Civil Domestic Violence Orders for Protection.

Sec. 630. Domestic Violence Protection Orders.

(a) Commencement of the action. An action for a domestic violence protection order commenced by a qualified application, as described in Subsection (b) of this Section, alleging the existence of domestic violence may be brought in Tribal Court by any person if the Tribal Court determines that the relationship between that person and the alleged offender is sufficient to warrant the issuance of a domestic violence protection order.

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(b) Qualified application. A qualified application may be on a form created and provided by the Tribal Court or in another form. At a minimum, to be qualified, the form must identify the alleged perpetrator, allege that the applicant is in danger of abuse from the respondent and/or has been the victim of abuse committed by the respondent, and describe the nature of the abuse and the approximate dates of the abuse.

(c) Hearing scheduled. Upon receipt of the application, the Tribal Court shall order a hearing to be held within fourteen (14) days of the date the application was filed unless extended pursuant to Subsection (d) of this Section.

(d) Service. Service of the application and the order establishing the date of the hearing ordered pursuant to Subsection (c) of this Section shall be made upon the respondent at least seven (7) days prior to the scheduled hearing. Service shall be made by a law enforcement officer. If service cannot be made, the Tribal Court may set a new date for the hearing. Proof of service shall be filed with the Court after service is made and prior to the scheduled hearing date.

(e) Relief. Upon showing of actual or imminent domestic violence, the Tribal Court may enter a protection order after due notice and a hearing. The relief provided by the Tribal Court may include any or all of the following:

- (1) Prohibiting any party from having any contact or communication, direct or indirect, including by phone, email, text message, written letter, in-person or through third-person, with a petitioner, the petitioner's dependents or the petitioner's spouse or intimate partner;
- (2) Prohibiting the respondent from being within a specified distance from the petitioner, the petitioner's dependents, or the petitioner's spouse or intimate partner;
- (3) Prohibiting any party from threatening, molesting, or injuring any other person;
- (4) Excluding and/or prohibiting the respondent from a specified household, from the residence of another person against whom the domestic violence is occurring or from a domestic violence or domestic abuse care facility, where this exclusion is necessary to the physical or mental well-being of the applicant or other persons;
- (5) Prohibiting the individual from entering the petitioner's residence, school, business, or place of employment, or the children's school or daycare;
- (6) Prohibiting the individual from being in possession of a firearm and/or dangerous weapon;
- (7) Recommending or requiring counseling services with a domestic violence or abuse program or other agency that provides services that the Tribal Court deems appropriate. The Tribal Court may request a report from the designated agency within a time period established by the Tribal Court's order; and/or
- (8) Any other order the Tribal Court deems necessary or appropriate to ensure the safety of the petitioner's children or petitioner's spouse or intimate partner.

(f) Amended order. The Tribal Court may amend its order or agreement at any time upon a subsequent petition filed by either party.

(g) Filing fee waived. No filing fee shall be required for any individual who seeks a

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domestic violence protection order under this Section.

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Sec. 631. Ex Parte Temporary Domestic Violence Protection Orders.

(a) Ex parte temporary order. Where an application under Section 629(a) alleges an immediate and present danger of domestic violence to the applicant based upon an allegation of a recent incident of domestic violence or threat of domestic violence, the Tribal Court, upon finding by a preponderance of the evidence that the petitioner is in immediate danger of domestic violence, may grant an ex parte temporary protection order, pending a full hearing, granting such relief as the Tribal Court deems proper.

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(b) Relief. An ex parte temporary protection order may include any relief within the Tribal Court's authority to provide under Section 629(e).

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(c) Duration. An ex parte temporary protection order shall remain in effect for not more than thirty (30) days, unless otherwise terminated or amended by the Tribal Court.

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(d) Hearing. A full hearing, as provided under Section 629, shall be set for no later than fourteen (14) days from the issuance of the temporary order.

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(e) Service. Law enforcement shall promptly personally serve the respondent with a copy of the order along with a copy of the application and notice of the date set for the hearing. If the respondent cannot be personally served within seven (7) days of issuance of the temporary order, law enforcement shall mail a copy of the order, return receipt requested, or deliver the temporary order, to the last known address of the respondent. Proof of service shall be filed with the Court.

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(f) Notice to appropriate law enforcement agency. The Clerk of Court for the Tribal Court shall transmit a copy of each temporary protection order, or extension, modification, or termination thereof, by the close of the business day which the order was granted, to the law enforcement agency with jurisdiction over the residence of the applicant or over the residence at which the actual domestic violence, which is the subject of the temporary protection order, allegedly occurred or is likely to occur.

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(a) Filing fee waived. No filing fee shall be required for any individual who seeks an ex parte temporary protection order under this Section.

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Sec. 632. Recognition and Enforcement of Foreign Protection Orders.

(a) Full faith and credit. Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 2265, the Tribal Court shall accord full faith and credit to an order for protection against domestic violence issued by a court of competent jurisdiction, provided that:

- (1) the court had jurisdiction over the parties and the matter; and**
- (2) reasonable notice and opportunity to be heard was given to the person subject to the order, sufficient to protect that person's right to due process, to the extent required under 18 U.S.C. § 2265.**

(b) Foreign ex parte orders. Ex parte foreign injunctions for protection are not eligible for enforcement under this Section unless notice and opportunity to be heard have been provided within the time required by the foreign state or tribal laws and, in any event, within a reasonable time after the order is issued, sufficient to protect the respondent's due process rights.

(c) Domestication. Persons protected by foreign protection order may domesticate the order according to the following procedures:

- (1) A protected person who has a valid foreign protection order may file that order by presenting a certified or otherwise authenticated copy of the foreign protection order with a Clerk of Court. Any out-of-state department, agency, or court responsible for maintaining protection order records may by facsimile or electronic transmission send a reproduction of the foreign protection order to the Clerk of Court as long as it contains a facsimile or digital signature by any person authorized to make such transmission.**
- (2) There shall be a presumption in favor of validity where a protection order appears authentic on its face.**
- (3) Filing of a protection order with a court and entry of the foreign protection order into any computer-based criminal intelligence information system available in the United States used by law enforcement agencies to list outstanding warrants are not prerequisites for enforcement of the foreign protection order.**

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(4) The Tribal Court shall accept the filing of a foreign protection order without a fee or cost.

(5) The Clerk of Court shall provide information to a person entitled to protection of the availability of domestic violence or other abuse services to victims.

(6) The Clerk of Court shall assist the person entitled to protection in providing and committing to writing the information necessary to enforce the foreign protection order, including:

(i) The name of the person entitled to protection and any other protected parties;

(ii) The name and address of the person who is subject to the restrain provisions of the foreign protection order;

(iii) The date the foreign protection order was entered;

(iv) The date the foreign protection order expires;

(v) The source of law for the relief granted, including citations;

(vi) The judicial district and contact information of the court administration for the court in which the foreign protection order was originally entered;

(vii) The date of birth and description of the person subject to the restraint provisions of the foreign protection order;

(viii) Whether the person who is subject to the restraint provisions of the foreign protection order is believed to be armed and dangerous;

(ix) Whether the persons who is subject to the restraint provisions of the foreign protection order was served by that order, and if so, the method used to serve the order;

(x) The type and location of any other legal proceedings between the person who is subject to the restraint provisions and the person entitled to protection;

(xi) An inability to answer any of the above questions does not

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preclude the filing or enforcement of the foreign protection order.

(7) The Clerk of Court shall provide the person entitled to protection with a copy bearing proof of filing with the Tribal Court.

(8) The Tribal Court judge shall review all foreign protection orders filed with the Tribal Court and, upon review, may order a hearing for the sole purpose of ascertaining the validity of the foreign protection order.

(9) Any assistance provided by the Clerk of Court under this Section does not constitute the practice of law. The Clerk of Court is not liable for any incomplete or incorrect information that he or she is provided.

(d) Transmittal of filed foreign protection orders to law enforcement. The Clerk of Court shall forward a copy of the foreign protection order that is filed under this Chapter on or before the next judicial day to the Tribe's law enforcement agency and surrounding Parish law enforcement agencies.

(e) Enforcement.

(1) Subject to Subsection (b) and the limitations herein, law enforcement shall enforce a foreign order for protection against domestic violence as if they were entered by the Tribal Court, irrespective of the respondent's residence or the failure to domesticate the foreign order. Upon presentation of a foreign protection order by a protected person, the law enforcement officer shall assist in enforcing all of its terms, except matters related to child custody, visitation, and support. A foreign protection order that includes terms regarding child custody, visitation, and/or support must be domesticated before those terms can be enforced.

(2) Before enforcing a foreign order for protection, a law enforcement officer should, to the best of the officer's ability, confirm the identity of the parties present and review the order to determine that, on its face, it has not expired or is not otherwise inoperative. Enforcement shall not be a condition on the presentation of a certified or true copy of the protection order, provided that a

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conflicting certified copy is not presented by the respondent or the individual subject to the order.

(3) A law enforcement officer shall use reasonable efforts to verify service of process.

Subchapter H. Firearms.

Sec. 633. Domestic Violence Offender in Possession of a Firearm.

(a) Prohibited acts. A person who possesses a firearm commits domestic violence offender in possession of a firearm if that person:

(1) -Is subject to any court order from a court of competent jurisdiction that restrains such person from harassing, threatening, having contact or assaulting a spouse or intimate partner of family member or engaging in any other conduct that would place an intimate partner or family member in reasonable fear of physical harm to the intimate partner or family member, except that this Subsection shall apply only to those orders that:

(i) Were issued at a hearing at which such person was present and had the opportunity to participate or at a hearing of which such person had notice and the opportunity to be heard, whether or not that person was present;

(ii) Include a finding that such person represents a credible threat to the physical safety of such victim, household, or family member; and

(iii) By its terms explicitly prohibits the use, attempted use or threatened use of physical force against such household or family member.

(2) Has been convicted under the law of any state, territory, possession, tribe, or United States military tribunal of any crime involving domestic violence, as defined by the laws of the Code, which involved the use or attempted use of physical force, or the threatened use of physical force, or the threatened use of a

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dangerous weapon against a spouse or intimate partner.

(b) **Penalty.** A person who commits the crime of domestic violence offender in possession of a firearm is guilty of a Felony and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly.

CHAPTER 7. HABITUAL OFFENDERS

Sec. 701. Habitual Offender Crime.

(a) **Underlying crimes.** This Section applies to the following underlying crimes:

(1) Sections 301 (Murder), 302 (Manslaughter), 303 (Negligent Homicide), 304 (Causing or Aiding Suicide), 305 (Kidnapping), 307 (Rape), 308 (Sexual Assault), 310 (Indecent Exposure), 313 (Indecent Behavior with a Juvenile), 314 (Solicitation of Minor to Engage in Sexual Activity), 316 (Pornography Involving Juveniles), 317 (Computer-Aided Solicitation of a Minor), 320 (Aggravated Assault – Severe Bodily Harm), 321 (Aggravated Assault – Dangerous Weapon), 322 (Aggravated Assault – Great Bodily Harm), 323 (Aggravated Assault – Public Official), 405 (Robbery), Sections 509 (Unlawful Production, Distribution, Intent to Distribute, Sale), 509-B (Violation of Unlawful Production, Distribution, Intent to Distribute; Drug Free Zone), or 509-C (Distribution to Persons Under Age Eighteen), 531 (Child Abuse), 534 (Cruelty to Juveniles), or 508 (Aiding Others in Terrorism), Sections 610 (Domestic Violence), 611 (Violation of a No Contact Order), or 612 (Violation of a Domestic Violence Protection Order) of Title III of the Code.

(2) Any conviction of a law of the United States, or of another tribe, or of a state, reasonably equivalent to those identified in Subsection (a)(1).

(b) **Prohibited acts.** A person who receives a third or subsequent conviction of any one of the underlying crimes provided in Section 701(a), or any combination thereof, commits habitual violent crimes.

(c) **Penalty.**

(1) Where any of the three underlying crimes constitute a Class A Misdemeanor, a person who commits a habitual offender crime for the first time is guilty of a

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Felony and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly. For every subsequent commission of an underlying crime provided in Section 701(a), the person is guilty of an Enhanced Felony and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly without the benefit of parole, probation, or suspended sentences.

(2) Where the underlying crime constitutes a Felony or Enhanced Felony, a person who commits a habitual offender crime is guilty of an Enhanced Felony and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced accordingly without the benefit of parole, probation, or suspended sentence,

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Sec. 705. Limitation.

No conviction may be used as a basis for a habitual offender crime unless it was imposed within ten (10) years of a conviction that could serve as a basis for the imposition of a penalty imposed under this Chapter.

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CHAPTER 85. PENALTIES AND LIMITATIONS

Sec. 501801. Penalties.

(a) Crimes are divided into the following four (4) classes and, unless otherwise specified by the Code, each class is subject to the following penalties: ~~Offenses are divided into three (3) classes, which are denominated and subject to maximum penalties, as follows:~~

- (1) **Enhanced Felony**, for which a maximum penalty of imprisonment for three (3) years, a fine of up to Fifteen Thousand Dollars (\$15,000), or both, may be imposed.
- (2) **Felony**, for which a maximum penalty of imprisonment for one (1) year, a fine of Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000), or both, may be imposed.
- ~~(3)~~ **Class A Misdemeanor**, for which a maximum penalty of imprisonment for six (6) months, a fine of up to One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000), or both, may be imposed.
- ~~(4)~~ **Class B Misdemeanor**, for which a maximum penalty of a Five Hundred

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Dollars (\$500) fine may be imposed.

(b) In addition to imposing a sentence as set forth above or as specifically provided in the Chitimacha Comprehensive Codes of Justice, the Chitimacha Tribal Court may order the person convicted to make reasonable restitution and/or ap-ology to the victim(s) of the crime or offense.

(c) Any person violating a provision of this title, for which a penalty is not specifically provided, shall be guilty of a Class B Misdemeanor.

(Revised by Ordinance #3-98; Adopted: June 18, 1998; Effective: June 18, 1998; Revised by Ordinance #01-15; Adopted: February 5, 2015; Effective: February 5, 2015)

Sec. 502802. Statutes of Limitations.

(d) Crimes with no limitation. There is no time limitation on instituting the prosecution of Sections 301 (Murder) or 307 (Rape).

(e) Limitation for certain sex offenses involving a minor. Provided that the crime involves a victim who is a minor, but regardless of whether the crime involves force, bodily injury, or death, the prosecution of the following crimes must be instituted within thirty years of the date that the victim turns eighteen years old: Sections 308 (Sexual Assault), 310 (Indecent Exposure), 311 (Prostitution), 313 (Indecent Behavior with a Juvenile), 314 (Solicitation of a Minor), 316 (Pornography Involving Children), or 317 (Solicitation of a Minor).

(f) Limitations for other offenses. Subject to Subsections (a) and (b), no person shall be prosecuted, tried, or punished for an offense unless prosecution is initiated within the following periods of time after the offense is committed:

(1) Five years for crimes subject to an Enhanced Felony penalty or a Felony penalty.

(2) Two years for a crime subject to a Class A Misdemeanor penalty.

(3) One year for a crime subject to a Class B Misdemeanor penalty.

No prosecution shall be maintained under this Title unless it is commenced within one (1) year after the commission of the offense.

Sec. 803. Enhanced Sentencing.

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To impose a total term of imprisonment for more than one (1) year or a fine greater than \$5,000, the Tribal Court shall:

(a) Grant the defendant all rights enumerated under the Code, including those provided for by 25 U.S.C. § 1302(a);

(b) Grant the defendant the effective assistance of counsel at least equal to that guaranteed by the United States Constitution, including the appointment of a public defender for any indigent defendant at no cost to the defendant. Defense attorneys shall be licensed to practice law by any jurisdiction in the United States that applies appropriate professional licensing standards and professional responsibility standards to its licensed attorneys;

(c) Notify the defendant of his or her right to file a writ of habeas corpus, including pursuant to 25 U.S.C. §§ 1303 and 1304(e);

(g) Ensure that the judge presiding over the criminal proceeding has sufficient legal training to preside over the criminal proceeding and is licensed to practice law by any jurisdiction in the United States;

(h) in coordination with the Tribe prior to charging the defendant, the Tribe shall make publicly available the criminal laws, rules of evidence, and rules of criminal procedure prior to charging the defendant; and

(i) maintains a verbatim record of the criminal proceeding, with a copy of any and all such records available upon request and payment of any reasonable fee for production of the copy, provided that such a fee may be waived for an indigent defendant at the Tribal Court's discretion.

(Revised by Ordinance #01-15; Adopted: February 5, 2015; Effective: February 5, 2015)

CHAPTER 9. JUDICIAL AND PROSECUTORIAL IMMUNITY

Sec. 901. Judicial Immunity.

A Tribal Court judge shall be entitled to immunity from suit for any act performed in a judicial capacity, unless the act constitutes malice or corruption.

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Sec. 902. Prosecutorial Immunity.

A prosecutor for the Tribe shall be entitled to immunity from suit for his or her official acts, unless the act constitutes malice or corruption.

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